# Reviewed As To Form By Legislative Service Commission

# LSC 132 0003-5

# 132nd General Assembly Regular Session 2017-2018

Sub. H. B. No. 27

# A BILL

Го	amend sections 742.38, 2743.02, 2744.02, 4113.21,	1
	4121.125, 4121.44, 4123.01, 4123.29, 4123.343,	2
	4123.511, 4123.512, 4123.53, 4123.54, 4123.56,	3
	4123.57, 4123.66, 4123.68, 4123.71, 4123.84,	4
	4125.07, 4167.01, 4167.02, and 4167.10, to enact	5
	sections 1.481, 2307.82, and 4123.513, and to	6
	repeal sections 4123.72 and 4167.19 of the Revised	7
	Code to make changes to the Workers' Compensation	8
	Law, to prohibit a public employer from requiring	9
	an employee to pay for a medical examination as a	10
	condition of continued employment, to prohibit	11
	state agencies from taking actions that have	12
	retrospective effects, to make appropriations for	13
	the Bureau of Workers' Compensation for the	14
	biennium beginning July 1, 2017, and ending June	15
	30, 2019, and to provide authorization and	16
	conditions for the operation of the Bureau's	17
	programs.	18

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 101.01. That sections 742.38, 2743.02, 2744.02,	19
4113.21, 4121.125, 4121.44, 4123.01, 4123.29, 4123.343, 4123.511,	20
4123.512, 4123.53, 4123.54, 4123.56, 4123.57, 4123.66, 4123.68,	21
4123.71, 4123.84, 4125.07, 4167.01, 4167.02, and 4167.10 be	22

amended and sections 1.481, 2307.82, and 4123.513 of the Revised	23
Code be enacted to read as follows:	24
Sec. 1.481. A state agency shall not adopt a rule, or an	25
amendment or rescission of a rule, or take any other	26
quasi-legislative or quasi-judicial action that has a substantive	27
or procedural retrospective effect unless the general assembly	28
expressly has authorized rulemaking or other quasi-legislative or	29
quasi-judicial action that has such an effect.	30
Sec. 742.38. (A)(1) The board of trustees of the Ohio police	31
and fire pension fund shall adopt rules establishing minimum	32
medical testing and diagnostic standards or procedures to be	33
incorporated into physical examinations administered by physicians	34
to prospective members of the fund. The standards or procedures	35
shall include diagnosis and evaluation of the existence of any	36
heart disease, cardiovascular disease, or respiratory disease. The	37
rules shall specify the form of the physician's report and the	38
information to be included in it.	39
The board shall notify all employers of the establishment of	40
the minimum standards or procedures and shall include with the	41
notice a copy of the standards or procedures. The board shall	42
notify all employers of any changes made to the standards or	43
procedures. Once the standards or procedures take effect,	44
employers shall cause each prospective member of the fund to	45
submit to a physical examination that incorporates the standards	46
or procedures.	47
(2) Division (A)(2) of this section applies to an employee	48
who becomes a member of the fund on or after the date the minimum	49
standards or procedures described in division (A)(1) of this	50
section take effect. For each employee described in division	51

(A)(2) of this section, the employer shall forward to the board a

copy of the physician's report of a physical examination that	53
incorporates the standards or procedures described in division	54
(A)(1) of this section. If an employer fails to forward the report	55
in the form required by the board on or before the date that is	56
sixty days after the employee becomes a member of the fund, the	57
board shall assess against the employer a penalty determined under	58
section 742.353 of the Revised Code.	59

(B) Application for a disability benefit may be made by a 60 member of the fund or, if the member is incapacitated as defined 61 in rules adopted by the board, by a person acting on the member's 62 behalf. Not later than fourteen days after receiving an 63 application for a disability benefit from a member or a person 64 acting on behalf of a member, the board shall notify the member's 65 employer that an application has been filed. The notice shall 66 state the member's position or rank. Not later than twenty-eight 67 days after receiving the notice or filing an application on behalf 68 of a member, the employer shall forward to the board a statement 69 certifying the member's job description and any other information 70 required by the board to process the application. 71

If the member applying for a disability benefit becomes a 72 member of the fund prior to the date the minimum standards or 73 procedures described in division (A)(1) of this section take 74 effect, the board may request from the member's employer a copy of 75 the physician's report of the member's physical examination taken 76 on entry into the police or fire department or, if the employer 77 does not have a copy of the report, a written statement certifying 78 that the employer does not have a copy of the report. If an 79 employer fails to forward the report or statement in the form 80 required by the board on or before the date that is twenty-eight 81 days after the date of the request, the board shall assess against 82 the employer a penalty determined under section 742.353 of the 83 Revised Code. The board shall maintain the information submitted 84

As used in this division:

"Totally disabled" means a member of the fund is unable to	115
perform the duties of any gainful occupation for which the member	116
is reasonably fitted by training, experience, and accomplishments.	117
Absolute helplessness is not a prerequisite of being totally	118
disabled.	119
"Permanently disabled" means a condition of disability from	120
which there is no present indication of recovery.	121
"Hazardous duty" has the same meaning as in 5 C.F.R. 550.902,	122
as amended.	123
(1) A member of the fund who is permanently and totally	124
disabled as the result of the performance of the member's official	125
duties as a member of a police or fire department shall be paid	126
annual disability benefits in accordance with division (A) of	127
section 742.39 of the Revised Code. In determining whether a	128
member of the fund is permanently and totally disabled, the board	129
shall consider standards adopted under division (C) of this	130
section applicable to the determination.	131
(2) A member of the fund who is permanently and partially	132
disabled as the result of the performance of the member's official	133
duties as a member of a police or fire department shall, if the	134
disability prevents the member from performing those duties and	135
impairs the member's earning capacity, receive annual disability	136
benefits in accordance with division (B) of section 742.39 of the	137
Revised Code. In determining whether a member of the fund is	138
permanently and partially disabled, the board shall consider	139
standards adopted under division (C) of this section applicable to	140
the determination.	141
(3)(a) A member of the fund who is permanently disabled as a	142
result of heart disease or any cardiovascular or respiratory	143
disease of a chronic nature, which disease or any evidence of	144

which disease was not revealed by the physical examination passed

by the member on entry into the department or another examination	146
specified in rules the board adopts under section 742.10 of the	147
Revised Code, is presumed to have incurred the disease while	148
performing the member's official duties, unless the contrary is	149
shown by competent evidence. The board may waive the requirement	150
that the absence of disease be evidenced by a physical examination	151
if competent medical evidence of a type specified in rules adopted	152
under section 742.10 of the Revised Code is submitted documenting	153
that the disease was not evident prior to or at the time of entry	154
into the department.	155

- (b) A member of the fund who is a member of a fire 156 department, has been assigned to at least six years of hazardous 157 duty as a member of a fire department, and is disabled as a result 158 of cancer, is presumed to have incurred the cancer while 159 performing the member's official duties if the member was exposed 160 to an agent classified by the international agency for research on 161 cancer or its successor agency as a group 1 or 2A carcinogen. 162
- (c) The presumption described in division (D)(3)(b) of this 163 section is rebuttable in any of the following situations: 164
- (i) There is evidence that the member incurred the type of cancer being alleged before becoming a member of the department.
- (ii) There is evidence that the member's exposure, outside 167 the scope of the member's official duties, to cigarettes, tobacco 168 products, or other conditions presenting an extremely high risk 169 for the development of the cancer alleged, was probably a 170 significant factor in the cause or progression of the cancer. 171
- (iii) There is evidence that the member failed to use or

  improperly used protective equipment while performing the member's

  official duties, unless the member was instructed to do so by the

  member's employer or supervisor or the member's employer or

  supervisor failed to make the equipment available to the member.

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(iv) There is evidence that the member was not exposed to an	177
agent classified by the international agency for research on	178
cancer or its successor agency as a group 1 or 2A carcinogen.	179
$\frac{(iv)(v)}{(v)}$ The member is seventy years of age or older.	180
(d) The presumption described in division (D)(3)(b) of this	181
section does not apply if it has been more than twenty fifteen	182
years since the member was last assigned to hazardous duty as a	183
member of a fire department.	184
(4) A member of the fund who has five or more years of	185
service credit and has incurred a permanent disability not caused	186
or induced by the actual performance of the member's official	187
duties as a member of the department, or by the member's own	188
negligence, shall if the disability prevents the member from	189
performing those duties and impairs the member's earning capacity,	190
receive annual disability benefits in accordance with division (C)	191
of section 742.39 of the Revised Code. In determining whether a	192
member of the fund is permanently disabled, the board shall	193
consider standards adopted under division (C) of this section	194
applicable to the determination.	195
(5) The board shall notify a member of its final action	196
awarding a disability benefit to the member within thirty days of	197
the final action. The notice shall be sent by certified mail,	198
return receipt requested. Not later than ninety days after receipt	199
of notice from the board, the member shall elect, on a form	200
provided by the board, either to accept or waive the disability	201
benefit award. If the member elects to waive the disability	202
benefit award or fails to make an election within the time period,	203
the award is rescinded. A member who later seeks a disability	204
benefit award shall be required to make a new application, which	205
shall be dealt with in accordance with the procedures used for	206

original disability benefit applications.

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A person is not eligible to apply for or receive disability	208
benefits under this division, section 742.39 of the Revised Code,	209
or division $(C)(2)$ , $(3)$ , $(4)$ , or $(5)$ of former section $742.37$ of	210
the Revised Code unless the person is a member of the fund on the	211
date on which the application for disability benefits is submitted	212
to the fund.	213
With the exception of persons who may make application for	214
increased benefits as provided in division (D)(2) or (4) of this	215
section or division (C)(3) or (5) of former section 742.37 of the	216
Revised Code on or after July 24, 1986, or persons who may make	217
application for benefits as provided in section 742.26 of the	218
Revised Code, no person receiving a pension or benefit under this	219
section or division (C) of former section 742.37 of the Revised	220
Code may apply for any new, changed, or different benefit.	221
(E) Notwithstanding the requirement of section 742.41 of the	222
Revised Code that all medical reports and recommendations required	223
are privileged, the board shall submit to the administrator of	224
workers' compensation any data necessary for the report required	225
under section 4123.86 of the Revised Code.	226
Sec. 2307.82. (A) As used in this section, "employer,"	227
"illegal alien," "occupational disease," and "unauthorized alien"	228
have the same meanings as in section 4123.01 of the Revised Code.	229
(B) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, no	230
court in this state has jurisdiction over a claim for damages	231
suffered by an illegal alien or an unauthorized alien by reason of	232
personal injury sustained or occupational disease contracted by	233
the illegal alien or unauthorized alien in the course of	234
employment caused by the wrongful act or omission or neglect of	235
the employer. Except as provided in division (C) of this section,	236
an illegal alien or unauthorized alien assumes the risk of	237
incurring such injury or contracting an occupational disease, and	238

that assumption is a complete bar to a recovery of damages for	239
such injury or occupational disease.	240
(C) A court in this state has jurisdiction over a claim	241
brought by an illegal alien or unauthorized alien against an	242
employer for damages suffered by reason of personal injury	243
sustained or occupational disease contracted in the course of	244
employment caused by the wrongful act or omission or neglect of	245
the employer if the illegal alien or unauthorized alien	246
establishes, by clear and convincing evidence, that the employer	247
hired the illegal alien or unauthorized alien knowing that the	248
illegal alien or unauthorized alien was not authorized to work	249
under section 101(a) of the "Immigration Reform and Control Act of	250
1986," 100 Stat. 3360, 8 U.S.C. 1324a. There is a rebuttable	251
presumption that an employer did not hire a person knowing the	252
person was an illegal alien or unauthorized alien if the employer	253
has complied with the requirements of section 101(a) of the	254
"Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986," 100 Stat. 3360, 8	255
<u>U.S.C. 1324a.</u>	256
Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent an	257
illegal alien or an unauthorized alien from bringing a claim	258
against an employer in a court of competent jurisdiction for an	259
intentional tort allegedly committed by the employer against the	260
illegal alien or unauthorized alien.	261
Sec. 2743.02. (A)(1) The state hereby waives its immunity	262
from liability, except as provided for the office of the state	263
fire marshal in division (G)(1) of section 9.60 and division (B)	264
of section 3737.221 of the Revised Code, except as provided in	265
division (I) of this section, and subject to division (H) of this	266
section, and consents to be sued, and have its liability	267
determined, in the court of claims created in this chapter in	268
accordance with the same rules of law applicable to suits between	269

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private parties, except that the determination of liability is	270
subject to the limitations set forth in this chapter and, in the	271
case of state universities or colleges, in section 3345.40 of the	272
Revised Code, and except as provided in division (A)(2) or (3) of	273
this section. To the extent that the state has previously	274
consented to be sued, this chapter has no applicability.	275

Except in the case of a civil action filed by the state, 276 filing a civil action in the court of claims results in a complete 277 waiver of any cause of action, based on the same act or omission, 278 that the filing party has against any officer or employee, as 279 defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code. The waiver shall be 280 void if the court determines that the act or omission was 281 manifestly outside the scope of the officer's or employee's office 282 or employment or that the officer or employee acted with malicious 283 purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless manner. 284

- (2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, would have personal liability for the officer's or employee's acts or omissions but for the fact that the officer or employee has personal immunity under section 9.86 of the Revised Code, the state shall be held liable in the court of claims in any action that is timely filed pursuant to section 2743.16 of the Revised Code and that is based upon the acts or omissions.
- (3)(a) Except as provided in division (A)(3)(b) of this

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  section, the state is immune from liability in any civil action or

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  proceeding involving the performance or nonperformance of a public

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  duty, including the performance or nonperformance of a public duty

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  that is owed by the state in relation to any action of an

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  individual who is committed to the custody of the state.
- (b) The state immunity provided in division (A)(3)(a) of this 299 section does not apply to any action of the state under 300 circumstances in which a special relationship can be established 301

between the state and an injured party. A special relationship	302
under this division is demonstrated if all of the following	303
elements exist:	304
(i) An assumption by the state, by means of promises or	305
actions, of an affirmative duty to act on behalf of the party who	306
was allegedly injured;	307
(ii) Knowledge on the part of the state's agents that	308
inaction of the state could lead to harm;	309
(iii) Some form of direct contact between the state's agents	310
and the injured party;	311
(iv) The injured party's justifiable reliance on the state's	312
affirmative undertaking.	313
(B) The state hereby waives the immunity from liability of	314
all hospitals owned or operated by one or more political	315
subdivisions and consents for them to be sued, and to have their	316
liability determined, in the court of common pleas, in accordance	317
with the same rules of law applicable to suits between private	318
parties, subject to the limitations set forth in this chapter.	319
This division is also applicable to hospitals owned or operated by	320
political subdivisions that have been determined by the supreme	321
court to be subject to suit prior to July 28, 1975.	322
(C) Any hospital, as defined in section 2305.113 of the	323
Revised Code, may purchase liability insurance covering its	324
operations and activities and its agents, employees, nurses,	325
interns, residents, staff, and members of the governing board and	326
committees, and, whether or not such insurance is purchased, may,	327
to the extent that its governing board considers appropriate,	328
indemnify or agree to indemnify and hold harmless any such person	329
against expense, including attorney's fees, damage, loss, or other	330
liability arising out of, or claimed to have arisen out of, the	331
death, disease, or injury of any person as a result of the	332

negligence, malpractice, or other action or inaction of the	333
indemnified person while acting within the scope of the	334
indemnified person's duties or engaged in activities at the	335
request or direction, or for the benefit, of the hospital. Any	336
hospital electing to indemnify those persons, or to agree to so	337
indemnify, shall reserve any funds that are necessary, in the	338
exercise of sound and prudent actuarial judgment, to cover the	339
potential expense, fees, damage, loss, or other liability. The	340
superintendent of insurance may recommend, or, if the hospital	341
requests the superintendent to do so, the superintendent shall	342
recommend, a specific amount for any period that, in the	343
superintendent's opinion, represents such a judgment. This	344
authority is in addition to any authorization otherwise provided	345
or permitted by law.	346

- (D) Recoveries against the state shall be reduced by the 347 aggregate of insurance proceeds, disability award, or other 348 collateral recovery received by the claimant. This division does 349 not apply to civil actions in the court of claims against a state 350 university or college under the circumstances described in section 351 3345.40 of the Revised Code. The collateral benefits provisions of 352 division (B)(2) of that section apply under those circumstances. 353
- (E) The only defendant in original actions in the court of 354 claims is the state. The state may file a third-party complaint or 355 counterclaim in any civil action, except a civil action for ten 356 thousand dollars or less, that is filed in the court of claims. 357
- (F) A civil action against an officer or employee, as defined 358 in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, that alleges that the 359 officer's or employee's conduct was manifestly outside the scope 360 of the officer's or employee's employment or official 361 responsibilities, or that the officer or employee acted with 362 malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless manner 363 shall first be filed against the state in the court of claims that 364

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has exclusive, original jurisdiction to determine, initially,	365
whether the officer or employee is entitled to personal immunity	366
under section 9.86 of the Revised Code and whether the courts of	367
common pleas have jurisdiction over the civil action. The officer	368
or employee may participate in the immunity determination	369
proceeding before the court of claims to determine whether the	370
officer or employee is entitled to personal immunity under section	371
9.86 of the Revised Code.	372

The filing of a claim against an officer or employee under this division tolls the running of the applicable statute of limitations until the court of claims determines whether the officer or employee is entitled to personal immunity under section 9.86 of the Revised Code.

- (G) If a claim lies against an officer or employee who is a 378 member of the Ohio national guard, and the officer or employee 379 was, at the time of the act or omission complained of, subject to 380 the "Federal Tort Claims Act," 60 Stat. 842 (1946), 28 U.S.C. 381 2671, et seq., the Federal Tort Claims Act is the exclusive remedy of the claimant and the state has no liability under this section. 383
- (H) If an inmate of a state correctional institution has a 384 claim against the state for the loss of or damage to property and 385 the amount claimed does not exceed three hundred dollars, before 386 commencing an action against the state in the court of claims, the 387 inmate shall file a claim for the loss or damage under the rules 388 adopted by the director of rehabilitation and correction pursuant 389 to this division. The inmate shall file the claim within the time 390 allowed for commencement of a civil action under section 2743.16 391 of the Revised Code. If the state admits or compromises the claim, 392 the director shall make payment from a fund designated by the 393 director for that purpose. If the state denies the claim or does 394 not compromise the claim at least sixty days prior to expiration 395 of the time allowed for commencement of a civil action based upon 396

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the loss or damage under section 2743.16 of the Revised Code, the	397
inmate may commence an action in the court of claims under this	398
chapter to recover damages for the loss or damage.	399
The director of rehabilitation and correction shall adopt	400
rules pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement	401
this division.	402
(I) The state is not liable in any civil action brought by or	403
on behalf of an illegal alien or an unauthorized alien for damages	404
suffered by reason of personal injury sustained or occupational	405
disease contracted in the course of employment caused by the	406
wrongful act or omission or neglect of the state acting as an	407
employer unless the illegal alien or unauthorized alien	408
establishes, by clear and convincing evidence, that the state	409
hired that illegal alien or unauthorized alien knowing that the	410
illegal alien or unauthorized alien was not authorized to work	411
under section 101(a) of the "Immigration Reform and Control Act of	412
1986, " 100 Stat. 3360, 8 U.S.C. 1324a. There is a rebuttable	413
presumption that the state did not hire a person knowing the	414
person was an illegal alien or unauthorized alien if the state has	415
complied with the requirements of section 101(a) of the	416
"Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986," 100 Stat. 3360, 8	417
<u>U.S.C. 1324a.</u>	418
As used in this division, "illegal alien," "occupational	419
disease," and "unauthorized alien" have the same meanings as in	420
section 4123.01 of the Revised Code.	421
Sec. 2744.02. (A)(1) For the purposes of this chapter, the	422
functions of political subdivisions are hereby classified as	423
governmental functions and proprietary functions. Except as	424
provided in division (B) of this section, a political subdivision	425
is not liable in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or	426
loss to person or property allegedly caused by any act or omission	427

of the political subdivision or an employee of the political	428
subdivision in connection with a governmental or proprietary	429
function. A political subdivision is not liable in any civil	430
action brought by or on behalf of an illegal alien or an	431
unauthorized alien for damages suffered by reason of personal	432
injury sustained or occupational disease contracted in the course	433
of employment caused by the wrongful act or omission or neglect of	434
the political subdivision acting as an employer unless the illegal	435
alien or unauthorized alien establishes, by clear and convincing	436
evidence, that the political subdivision hired that illegal alien	437
or unauthorized alien knowing that the illegal alien or	438
unauthorized alien was not authorized to work under section 101(a)	439
of the "Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986," 100 Stat.	440
3360, 8 U.S.C. 1324a. There is a rebuttable presumption that a	441
political subdivision did not hire a person knowing the person was	442
an illegal alien or unauthorized alien if the political	443
subdivision has complied with the requirements of section 101(a)	444
of the "Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986," 100 Stat.	445
3360, 8 U.S.C. 1324a.	446
As used in this division, "illegal alien," "occupational	447
disease, and unauthorized alien have the same meanings as in	448
section 4123.01 of the Revised Code.	449
(2) The defenses and immunities conferred under this chapter	450
apply in connection with all governmental and proprietary	451
functions performed by a political subdivision and its employees,	452
whether performed on behalf of that political subdivision or on	453
behalf of another political subdivision.	454
(3) Subject to statutory limitations upon their monetary	455
jurisdiction, the courts of common pleas, the municipal courts,	456
and the county courts have jurisdiction to hear and determine	457
civil actions governed by or brought pursuant to this chapter.	458

(B) Subject to sections 2744.03 and 2744.05 of the Revised

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Code, a political subdivision is liable in damages in a civil	460
action for injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly	461
caused by an act or omission of the political subdivision or of	462
any of its employees in connection with a governmental or	463
proprietary function, as follows:	464
(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, political	465
subdivisions are liable for injury, death, or loss to person or	466
property caused by the negligent operation of any motor vehicle by	467
their employees when the employees are engaged within the scope of	468
their employment and authority. The following are full defenses to	469
that liability:	470
(a) A member of a municipal corporation police department or	471
any other police agency was operating a motor vehicle while	472
responding to an emergency call and the operation of the vehicle	473
did not constitute willful or wanton misconduct;	474
(b) A member of a municipal corporation fire department or	475
any other firefighting agency was operating a motor vehicle while	476
engaged in duty at a fire, proceeding toward a place where a fire	477
is in progress or is believed to be in progress, or answering any	478
other emergency alarm and the operation of the vehicle did not	479
constitute willful or wanton misconduct;	480
(c) A member of an emergency medical service owned or	481
operated by a political subdivision was operating a motor vehicle	482
while responding to or completing a call for emergency medical	483
care or treatment, the member was holding a valid commercial	484
driver's license issued pursuant to Chapter 4506. or a driver's	485
license issued pursuant to Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code, the	486
operation of the vehicle did not constitute willful or wanton	487
misconduct, and the operation complies with the precautions of	488

(2) Except as otherwise provided in sections 3314.07 and

section 4511.03 of the Revised Code.

3746.24 of the Revised Code, political subdivisions are liable for	491
injury, death, or loss to person or property caused by the	492
negligent performance of acts by their employees with respect to	493
proprietary functions of the political subdivisions.	494

- (3) Except as otherwise provided in section 3746.24 of the 495 Revised Code, political subdivisions are liable for injury, death, 496 or loss to person or property caused by their negligent failure to 497 keep public roads in repair and other negligent failure to remove 498 obstructions from public roads, except that it is a full defense 499 to that liability, when a bridge within a municipal corporation is 500 involved, that the municipal corporation does not have the 501 responsibility for maintaining or inspecting the bridge. 502
- (4) Except as otherwise provided in section 3746.24 of the 503 Revised Code, political subdivisions are liable for injury, death, 504 or loss to person or property that is caused by the negligence of 505 their employees and that occurs within or on the grounds of, and 506 is due to physical defects within or on the grounds of, buildings 507 that are used in connection with the performance of a governmental 508 function, including, but not limited to, office buildings and 509 courthouses, but not including jails, places of juvenile 510 detention, workhouses, or any other detention facility, as defined 511 in section 2921.01 of the Revised Code. 512
- (5) In addition to the circumstances described in divisions 513 (B)(1) to (4) of this section, a political subdivision is liable 514 for injury, death, or loss to person or property when civil 515 liability is expressly imposed upon the political subdivision by a 516 section of the Revised Code, including, but not limited to, 517 sections 2743.02 and 5591.37 of the Revised Code. Civil liability 518 shall not be construed to exist under another section of the 519 Revised Code merely because that section imposes a responsibility 520 or mandatory duty upon a political subdivision, because that 521 section provides for a criminal penalty, because of a general 522

authorization in that section that a political subdivision may sue	523
and be sued, or because that section uses the term "shall" in a	524
provision pertaining to a political subdivision.	525
(C) An order that denies a political subdivision or an	526
employee of a political subdivision the benefit of an alleged	527
immunity from liability as provided in this chapter or any other	528
provision of the law is a final order.	529
Sec. 4113.21. (A) No private employer shall require any	530
prospective employee or applicant for employment to pay the cost	531
of a medical examination required by the employer as a condition	532
of employment.	533
(B) No public employer shall require any employee,	534
prospective employee, or applicant for employment to pay the cost	535
of a medical examination required by the public employer as a	536
condition of employment or continued employment.	537
(C) As used in this section:	538
(A) "Employer (1) "Private employer" means any individual,	539
partnership, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance	540
company, common carrier, public utility, or corporation, whether	541
domestic or foreign, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy,	542
trustee, or the successor thereof, who has in employment three or	543
more individuals at any one time within a calendar year.	544
(B)(2) "Public employer" means the United States, the state,	545
any political subdivision of the state, and any agency of the	546
United States, the state, or a political subdivision of the state.	547
(3) "Employee" means any person who may be permitted,	548
required, or directed by any employer in consideration of direct	549
or indirect gain or profit, to engage in any employment.	550
(D) Any employer who violates this section shall forfeit not	551
more than one hundred dollars for each violation. The bureau of	552

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workers' compensation and the public utilities commission shall 553 enforce this section. 554

- Sec. 4121.125. (A) The bureau of workers' compensation board 555 of directors, based upon recommendations of the workers' 556 compensation actuarial committee, may contract with one or more 557 outside actuarial firms and other professional persons, as the 558 board determines necessary, to assist the board in measuring 559 maintaining and monitoring the performance of Ohio's workers' 560 compensation system and in comparing Ohio's workers' compensation 561 system to other state and private workers' compensation systems. 562 The board, actuarial firm or firms, and professional persons shall 563 make such measurements and comparisons perform analyses using 564 accepted insurance industry standards, including, but not limited 565 to, standards promulgated by the actuarial standards board of the 566 American academy of actuaries or techniques used by the National 567 Council on Compensation Insurance. 568
- (B) The board may contract with one or more outside firms to 569 conduct management and financial audits of the workers' 570 compensation system, including audits analyses of the reserve fund 571 belonging to the state insurance fund, and to establish objective 572 quality management principles and methods by which to review the 573 performance of the workers' compensation system. 574
  - (C) The board shall do all of the following:
- (1) Contract to have prepared annually by or under the supervision of an actuary a report that meets the requirements specified under division (E) of this section and that consists of an actuarial valuation of the assets, estimate of the unpaid liabilities, and funding requirements of the state insurance fund and all other funds specified in this chapter and Chapters 4123., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code;
  - (2) Require that the actuary or person supervised by an

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actuary referred to in division (C)(1) of this section complete	584
the <del>valuation</del> estimate of unpaid liabilities in accordance with	585
the actuarial standards of practice promulgated by the actuarial	586
standards board of the American academy of actuaries;	587
(3) Submit the report referred to in division $(C)(1)$ of this	588
section to the standing committees of the house of representatives	589
and the senate with primary responsibility for workers'	590
compensation legislation on or before the first day of November	591
following the year for which the <del>valuation</del> <u>estimate of unpaid</u>	592
<u>liabilities</u> was made;	593
(4) Have an actuary or a person who provides actuarial	594
services under the supervision of an actuary, at such time as the	595
board determines, and at least once during the five-year period	596
that commences on September 10, 2007, and once within each	597
five-year period thereafter, conduct an actuarial investigation of	598
the experience of employers, analysis of the mortality, service,	599
and injury rate of employees, and the payment of temporary total	600
disability, permanent partial disability, experience used in	601
estimating the future costs of awards for survivor benefits and	602
permanent total disability under sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 of	603
the Revised Code to <u>be used in the experience rating of an</u>	604
employer for purposes of premium calculation and to update the	605
actuarial assumptions claim level reserves used in the report	606
required by division (C)(1) of this section;	607
(5) Submit the report required under division (F) of this	608
section to the standing committees of the house of representatives	609
and the senate with primary responsibility for workers'	610
compensation legislation not later than the first day of November	611
following the fifth year of the period that the report covers;	612
(6) Have prepared by or under the supervision of an actuary	613

an actuarial analysis of any introduced legislation expected to

have a measurable financial impact on the workers' compensation

system;	616
(7) Submit the report required under division (G) of this	617
section to the legislative service commission and the standing	618
committees of the house of representatives and the senate with	619
primary responsibility for workers' compensation legislation not	620
later than sixty days after the date of introduction of the	621
legislation.	622
(D) The administrator of workers' compensation and the	623
industrial commission shall compile information and provide access	624
to records of the bureau and the industrial commission to the	625
board to the extent necessary for fulfillment of both of the	626
following requirements:	627
(1) Conduct of the measurements and comparisons monitoring	628
described in division (A) of this section;	629
(2) Conduct of the management and financial audits and	630
establishment of the principles and methods described in division	631
(B) of this section.	632
(E) The firm or person with whom the board contracts pursuant	633
to division (C)(1) of this section shall prepare a report of the	634
valuation analysis of the unpaid liabilities and submit the report	635
to the board. The firm or person shall include all of the	636
following information in the report that is required under	637
division (C)(1) of this section:	638
(1) A summary of the compensation and benefit provisions	639
<u>funds</u> and <u>components</u> evaluated;	640
(2) A description of the actuarial <u>methods and</u> assumptions	641
and actuarial cost method used in the valuation analysis of the	642
unpaid liabilities;	643
(3) A schedule showing the effect impact of any changes in	644
the compensation and benefit provisions, actuarial assumptions, or	645

cost methods estimates of the unpaid liabilities since the	646
previous annual actuarial valuation analysis report was submitted	647
to the board.	648
(F) The actuary or person whom the board designates to	649
conduct an actuarial investigation under division $(C)(4)$ of this	650
section shall prepare a report of the actuarial investigation and	651
shall submit the report to the board. The actuary or person shall	652
prepare the report and make any recommended changes in to the	653
actuarial mortality assumptions in accordance with the actuarial	654
standards of practice promulgated by the actuarial standards board	655
of the American academy of actuaries. The actuary or person shall	656
include all of the following information in the report:	657
(1) A summary of relevant decrement and economic assumption	658
experience;	659
(2) Recommended changes in actuarial assumptions to be used	660
in subsequent actuarial valuations required by division (C)(1) of	661
this section;	662
(3) A measurement of the financial effect of the recommended	663
changes in actuarial assumptions.	664
(G) The actuary or person whom the board designates to	665
conduct the actuarial analysis under division (C)(6) of this	666
section shall prepare a report of the actuarial analysis and shall	667
submit that report to the board. The actuary or person shall	668
complete the analysis in accordance with the actuarial standards	669
of practice promulgated by the actuarial standards board of the	670
American academy of actuaries. The actuary or person shall include	671
all of the following information in the report:	672
(1) A summary of the statutory changes being evaluated;	673
(2) A description of or reference to the actuarial	674
assumptions and actuarial cost method used in the report;	675

(3) A description of the participant group or groups included	676
in the report;	677
$\frac{1}{1}$ A statement of the financial impact of the legislation,	678
including the resulting increase, if any, in employer premiums,	679
and in actuarial accrued current estimates of unpaid liabilities,	680
and, if an increase in actuarial accrued liabilities is predicted,	681
the per cent of premium increase that would be required to	682
amortize the increase in those liabilities as a level per cent of	683
employer premiums over a period not to exceed thirty years.	684
(5) A statement of whether the employer premiums paid to the	685
bureau of workers' compensation after the proposed change is	686
enacted are expected to be sufficient to satisfy the funding	687
objectives established by the board.	688
(H) The board may, at any time, request an actuary to $\frac{make}{n}$	689
any studies or perform actuarial valuations analyses to determine	690
the adequacy of the premium rates established by the administrator	691
in accordance with sections 4123.29 and 4123.34 of the Revised	692
Code, and may adjust those rates as recommended by the actuary.	693
(I) The board shall have an independent auditor, at least	694
once every ten years, conduct a fiduciary performance audit of the	695
investment program of the bureau of workers' compensation. That	696
audit shall include an audit of the investment policies approved	697
by the board and investment procedures of the bureau. The board	698
shall submit a copy of that audit to the auditor of state.	699
(J) The administrator, with the advice and consent of the	700
board, shall employ an internal auditor who shall report findings	701
directly to the board, workers' compensation audit committee, and	702
administrator, except that the internal auditor shall not report	703
findings directly to the administrator when those findings involve	704
malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance on the part of the	705

administrator. The board and the workers' compensation audit

committee may request and review internal audits conducted by the	707
internal auditor.	708
(K) The administrator shall pay the expenses incurred by the	709
board to effectively fulfill its duties and exercise its powers	710
under this section as the administrator pays other operating	711
expenses of the bureau.	712
Sec. 4121.44. (A) The administrator of workers' compensation	713
shall oversee the implementation of the Ohio workers' compensation	714
qualified health plan system as established under section 4121.442	715
of the Revised Code.	716
(B) The administrator shall direct the implementation of the	717
health partnership program administered by the bureau as set forth	718
in section 4121.441 of the Revised Code. To implement the health	719
partnership program and to ensure the efficiency and effectiveness	720
of the public services provided through the program, the bureau:	721
(1) Shall certify one or more external vendors, which shall	722
be known as "managed care organizations," to provide medical	723
management and cost containment services in the health partnership	724
program for a period of two years beginning on the date of	725
certification, consistent with the standards established under	726
this section;	727
(2) May recertify managed care organizations for additional	728
periods of two years; and	729
(3) May integrate the certified managed care organizations	730
with bureau staff and existing bureau services for purposes of	731
operation and training to allow the bureau to assume operation of	732
the health partnership program at the conclusion of the	733
certification periods set forth in division (B)(1) or (2) of this	734
section;	735
(4) May enter into a contract with any managed care	736

cost containment services in the health partnership program.  (C) A contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section shall include both of the following:  (1) Incentives that may be awarded by the administrator, at the administrator's discretion, based on compliance and performance of the managed care organization;  (2) Penalties that may be imposed by the administrator, at the administrator's discretion, based on the failure of the managed care organization to reasonably comply with or perform terms of the contract, which may include termination of the contract.  (D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	organization that is certified by the bureau, pursuant to division	737
(C) A contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section shall include both of the following:  (1) Incentives that may be awarded by the administrator, at the administrator's discretion, based on compliance and performance of the managed care organization;  (2) Penalties that may be imposed by the administrator, at the administrator's discretion, based on the failure of the managed care organization to reasonably comply with or perform terms of the contract, which may include termination of the contract.  (D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	(B)(1) or (2) of this section, to provide medical management and	738
this section shall include both of the following:  (1) Incentives that may be awarded by the administrator, at the administrator's discretion, based on compliance and performance of the managed care organization;  (2) Penalties that may be imposed by the administrator, at the administrator's discretion, based on the failure of the managed care organization to reasonably comply with or perform terms of the contract, which may include termination of the contract.  (D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	cost containment services in the health partnership program.	739
(1) Incentives that may be awarded by the administrator, at the administrator's discretion, based on compliance and performance of the managed care organization;  (2) Penalties that may be imposed by the administrator, at the administrator's discretion, based on the failure of the managed care organization to reasonably comply with or perform terms of the contract, which may include termination of the contract.  (D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	(C) A contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of	740
the administrator's discretion, based on compliance and performance of the managed care organization;  (2) Penalties that may be imposed by the administrator, at the administrator's discretion, based on the failure of the managed care organization to reasonably comply with or perform terms of the contract, which may include termination of the contract.  (D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	this section shall include both of the following:	741
(2) Penalties that may be imposed by the administrator, at the administrator's discretion, based on the failure of the managed care organization to reasonably comply with or perform terms of the contract, which may include termination of the contract.  (D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	(1) Incentives that may be awarded by the administrator, at	742
(2) Penalties that may be imposed by the administrator, at the administrator's discretion, based on the failure of the managed care organization to reasonably comply with or perform terms of the contract, which may include termination of the contract.  (D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	the administrator's discretion, based on compliance and	743
the administrator's discretion, based on the failure of the managed care organization to reasonably comply with or perform terms of the contract, which may include termination of the contract.  (D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	performance of the managed care organization;	744
managed care organization to reasonably comply with or perform  terms of the contract, which may include termination of the  contract.  (D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a  contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section  may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any  marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by  any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on  behalf of the managed care organization, under the health  partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation  under the health partnership program unless the managed care  organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant  to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate  all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a  substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	(2) Penalties that may be imposed by the administrator, at	745
terms of the contract, which may include termination of the contract.  (D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	the administrator's discretion, based on the failure of the	746
(D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	managed care organization to reasonably comply with or perform	747
(D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	terms of the contract, which may include termination of the	748
contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	contract.	749
may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	(D) Notwithstanding section 119.061 of the Revised Code, a	750
marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	contract entered into pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section	751
any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on behalf of the managed care organization, under the health partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation under the health partnership program unless the managed care organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	may include provisions limiting, restricting, or regulating any	752
behalf of the managed care organization, under the health  partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation  under the health partnership program unless the managed care  organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant  to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate  all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a  substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	marketing or advertising by the managed care organization, or by	753
partnership program.  (E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation  under the health partnership program unless the managed care  organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant  to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate  all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a  substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	any individual or entity that is affiliated with or acting on	754
(E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7	behalf of the managed care organization, under the health	755
under the health partnership program unless the managed care  organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant  to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate  all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a  substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy  7	partnership program.	756
organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy 7	(E) No managed care organization shall receive compensation	757
to division (B)(4) of this section.  (F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate  all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a  substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy  7	under the health partnership program unless the managed care	758
(F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate  all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a  substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy  7	organization has entered into a contract with the bureau pursuant	759
all of the following:  (1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a  substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy  7	to division (B)(4) of this section.	760
(1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a 7 substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy 7	(F) Any managed care organization selected shall demonstrate	761
substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy 7	all of the following:	762
	(1) Arrangements and reimbursement agreements with a	763
providers currently being utilized by claimants. 7	substantial number of the medical, professional and pharmacy	764
	providers currently being utilized by claimants.	765

(2) Ability to accept a common format of medical bill data in 766

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an electronic fashion from any provider who wishes to submit	767
medical bill data in that form.	768
(3) A computer system able to handle the volume of medical	769
bills and willingness to customize that system to the bureau's	770
needs and to be operated by the managed care organization's staff,	771
bureau staff, or some combination of both staffs.	772
(4) A prescription drug system where pharmacies on a	773
statewide basis have access to the eligibility and pricing, at a	774
discounted rate, of all prescription drugs.	775
(5) A tracking system to record all telephone calls from	776
claimants and providers regarding the status of submitted medical	777
bills so as to be able to track each inquiry.	778
(6) Data processing capacity to absorb all of the bureau's	779
medical bill processing or at least that part of the processing	780
which the bureau arranges to delegate.	781
(7) Capacity to store, retrieve, array, simulate, and model	782
in a relational mode all of the detailed medical bill data so that	783
analysis can be performed in a variety of ways and so that the	784
bureau and its governing authority can make informed decisions.	785
(8) Wide variety of software programs which translate medical	786
terminology into standard codes, and which reveal if a provider is	787
manipulating the procedures codes, commonly called "unbundling."	788
(9) Necessary professional staff to conduct, at a minimum,	789
authorizations for treatment, medical necessity, utilization	790
review, concurrent review, post-utilization review, and have the	791
attendant computer system which supports such activity and	792
measures the outcomes and the savings.	793
(10) Management experience and flexibility to be able to	794

react quickly to the needs of the bureau in the case of required

change in federal or state requirements.

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(G)(1) The administrator may decertify a managed care	797
organization if the managed care organization does any of the	798
following:	799
(a) Fails to maintain any of the requirements set forth in	800
division (F) of this section;	801
(b) Fails to reasonably comply with or to perform in	802
accordance with the terms of a contract entered into under	803
division (B)(4) of this section;	804
(c) Violates a rule adopted under section 4121.441 of the	805
Revised Code.	806
(2) The administrator shall provide each managed care	807
organization that is being decertified pursuant to division (G)(1)	808
of this section with written notice of the pending decertification	809
and an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to rules adopted by the	810
administrator.	811
(H)(1) Information contained in a managed care organization's	812
$(\mathrm{H})(1)$ Information contained in a managed care organization's application for certification in the health partnership program,	812 813
application for certification in the health partnership program,	813
application for certification in the health partnership program, and other information furnished to the bureau by a managed care	813 814
application for certification in the health partnership program, and other information furnished to the bureau by a managed care organization for purposes of obtaining certification or to comply	813 814 815
application for certification in the health partnership program, and other information furnished to the bureau by a managed care organization for purposes of obtaining certification or to comply with performance and financial auditing requirements established	813 814 815 816
application for certification in the health partnership program, and other information furnished to the bureau by a managed care organization for purposes of obtaining certification or to comply with performance and financial auditing requirements established by the administrator, is for the exclusive use and information of	813 814 815 816 817
application for certification in the health partnership program, and other information furnished to the bureau by a managed care organization for purposes of obtaining certification or to comply with performance and financial auditing requirements established by the administrator, is for the exclusive use and information of the bureau in the discharge of its official duties, and shall not	813 814 815 816 817 818
application for certification in the health partnership program, and other information furnished to the bureau by a managed care organization for purposes of obtaining certification or to comply with performance and financial auditing requirements established by the administrator, is for the exclusive use and information of the bureau in the discharge of its official duties, and shall not be open to the public or be used in any court in any proceeding	813 814 815 816 817 818
application for certification in the health partnership program, and other information furnished to the bureau by a managed care organization for purposes of obtaining certification or to comply with performance and financial auditing requirements established by the administrator, is for the exclusive use and information of the bureau in the discharge of its official duties, and shall not be open to the public or be used in any court in any proceeding pending therein, unless the bureau is a party to the action or	813 814 815 816 817 818 819
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application for certification in the health partnership program, and other information furnished to the bureau by a managed care organization for purposes of obtaining certification or to comply with performance and financial auditing requirements established by the administrator, is for the exclusive use and information of the bureau in the discharge of its official duties, and shall not be open to the public or be used in any court in any proceeding pending therein, unless the bureau is a party to the action or proceeding, but the information may be tabulated and published by the bureau in statistical form for the use and information of	813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821
application for certification in the health partnership program, and other information furnished to the bureau by a managed care organization for purposes of obtaining certification or to comply with performance and financial auditing requirements established by the administrator, is for the exclusive use and information of the bureau in the discharge of its official duties, and shall not be open to the public or be used in any court in any proceeding pending therein, unless the bureau is a party to the action or proceeding, but the information may be tabulated and published by the bureau in statistical form for the use and information of other state departments and the public. No employee of the bureau,	813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821 822 823
application for certification in the health partnership program, and other information furnished to the bureau by a managed care organization for purposes of obtaining certification or to comply with performance and financial auditing requirements established by the administrator, is for the exclusive use and information of the bureau in the discharge of its official duties, and shall not be open to the public or be used in any court in any proceeding pending therein, unless the bureau is a party to the action or proceeding, but the information may be tabulated and published by the bureau in statistical form for the use and information of other state departments and the public. No employee of the bureau, except as otherwise authorized by the administrator, shall divulge	813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821 822 823

proce	esses	of a	any 1	manage	ed (	care	org	ganization	to	any	person	other	;	828
than	the	admir	nist	rator	or	to	the	employee	s s	uper	ior.		1	829

- (2) Notwithstanding the restrictions imposed by division 830 (H)(1) of this section, the governor, members of select or 831 standing committees of the senate or house of representatives, the 832 auditor of state, the attorney general, or their designees, 833 pursuant to the authority granted in this chapter and Chapter 834 4123. of the Revised Code, may examine any managed care 835 organization application or other information furnished to the 836 bureau by the managed care organization. None of those individuals 837 shall divulge any information secured in the exercise of that 838 authority in respect to a managed care organization's application 839 for certification or in respect to the business or other trade 840 processes of any managed care organization to any person. 841
- (I) On and after January 1, 2001, a managed care organization 842 shall not be an insurance company holding a certificate of 843 authority issued pursuant to Title XXXIX of the Revised Code or a 844 health insuring corporation holding a certificate of authority 845 under Chapter 1751. of the Revised Code.
- (J) The administrator may limit freedom of choice of health 847 care provider or supplier by requiring, beginning with the period 848 set forth in division (B)(1) or (2) of this section, that 849 claimants shall pay an appropriate out-of-plan copayment for 850 selecting a medical provider not within the health partnership 851 program as provided for in this section.
- (K) The administrator, six months prior to the expiration of the bureau's certification or recertification of the managed care organizations as set forth in division (B)(1) or (2) of this section, may certify and provide evidence to the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, and the president of the senate that the existing bureau staff is able to match or exceed the performance and outcomes of the managed care organizations and 859

890

that the bureau should be permitted to internally administer the	860
health partnership program upon the expiration of the	861
certification or recertification as set forth in division (B)(1)	862
or (2) of this section.	863
(L) The administrator shall establish and operate a bureau of	864
workers' compensation health care data program. The administrator	865
shall develop reporting requirements from all employees,	866
employers, medical providers, managed care organizations, and	867
plans that participate in the workers' compensation system. The	868
administrator shall do all of the following:	869
(1) Utilize the collected data to measure and perform	870
comparison analyses of costs, quality, appropriateness of medical	871
care, and effectiveness of medical care delivered by all	872
components of the workers' compensation system.	873
(2) Compile data to support activities of the selected	874
managed care organizations and to measure the outcomes and savings	875
of the health partnership program.	876
(3) Publish and report compiled data on the measures of	877
outcomes and savings of the health partnership program and submit	878
the report to the president of the senate, the speaker of the	879
house of representatives, and the governor with the annual report	880
prepared under division (F)(3) of section 4121.12 of the Revised	881
Code. The administrator shall protect the confidentiality of all	882
proprietary pricing data.	883
(M) Any rehabilitation facility the bureau operates is	884
eligible for inclusion in the Ohio workers' compensation qualified	885
health plan system or the health partnership program under the	886
same terms as other providers within health care plans or the	887
program.	888

(N) In areas outside the state or within the state where no

qualified health plan or an inadequate number of providers within

the health partnership program exist, the administrator shall

permit employees to use a nonplan or nonprogram health care

provider and shall pay the provider for the services or supplies

provided to or on behalf of an employee for an injury or

occupational disease that is compensable under this chapter or

Chapter 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code on a fee

schedule the administrator adopts.

- (O) No health care provider, whether certified or not, shall 898 charge, assess, or otherwise attempt to collect from an employee, 899 employer, a managed care organization, or the bureau any amount 900 for covered services or supplies that is in excess of the allowed 901 amount paid by a managed care organization, the bureau, or a 902 qualified health plan.
- (P) The administrator shall permit any employer or group of 904 employers who agree to abide by the rules adopted under this 905 section and sections 4121.441 and 4121.442 of the Revised Code to 906 provide services or supplies to or on behalf of an employee for an 907 injury or occupational disease that is compensable under this 908 chapter or Chapter 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code 909 through qualified health plans of the Ohio workers' compensation 910 qualified health plan system pursuant to section 4121.442 of the 911 Revised Code or through the health partnership program pursuant to 912 section 4121.441 of the Revised Code. No amount paid under the 913 qualified health plan system pursuant to section 4121.442 of the 914 Revised Code by an employer who is a state fund employer shall be 915 charged to the employer's experience or otherwise be used in 916 917 merit-rating or determining the risk of that employer for the 918 purpose of the payment of premiums under this chapter, and if the employer is a self-insuring employer, the employer shall not 919 include that amount in the paid compensation the employer reports 920 under section 4123.35 of the Revised Code. 921
  - (O) The administrator, in consultation with the health care

quality assurance advisory committee created by the administrator	923
or its successor committee, shall develop and periodically revise	924
standards for maintaining an adequate number of providers	925
certified by the bureau for each service currently being used by	926
claimants. The standards shall ensure both of the following:	927
(1) That a claimant has access to a choice of providers for	928
similar services within the qeographic area that the claimant	929
resides;	930
(2) That the providers within a geographic area are actively	931
accepting new claimants as required in rules adopted by the	932
administrator.	933
Sec. 4123.01. As used in this chapter:	934
bec. 4123.01. As used in this chapter.	734
(A)(1) "Employee" means:	935
(a) Every person in the service of the state, or of any	936
county, municipal corporation, township, or school district	937
therein, including regular members of lawfully constituted police	938
and fire departments of municipal corporations and townships,	939
whether paid or volunteer, and wherever serving within the state	940
or on temporary assignment outside thereof, and executive officers	941
of boards of education, under any appointment or contract of hire,	942
express or implied, oral or written, including any elected	943
official of the state, or of any county, municipal corporation, or	944
township, or members of boards of education.	945
As used in division $(A)(1)(a)$ of this section, the term	946
"employee" includes the following persons when responding to an	947
inherently dangerous situation that calls for an immediate	948
response on the part of the person, regardless of whether the	949
person is within the limits of the jurisdiction of the person's	950
regular employment or voluntary service when responding, on the	951
condition that the person responds to the situation as the person	952

otherwise would if the person were on duty in the person's	953
jurisdiction:	954
(i) Off-duty peace officers. As used in division (A)(1)(a)(i)	955
of this section, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in	956
section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	957
(ii) Off-duty firefighters, whether paid or volunteer, of a	958
lawfully constituted fire department.	959
(iii) Off-duty first responders, emergency medical	960
technicians-basic, emergency medical technicians-intermediate, or	961
emergency medical technicians-paramedic, whether paid or	962
volunteer, of an ambulance service organization or emergency	963
medical service organization pursuant to Chapter 4765. of the	964
Revised Code.	965
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or	966
private corporation, including any public service corporation,	967
that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same	968
business or in or about the same establishment under any contract	969
of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including aliens and	970
authorized to work by the United States department of homeland	971
security or its successors; minors; household workers who earn	972
one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter	973
from a single household: and casual workers who earn one hundred	974
sixty dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a	975
single employer $\tau i$ or (ii) is bound by any such contract of hire or	976
by any other written contract, to pay into the state insurance	977
fund the premiums provided by this chapter.	978
(c) Every person who performs labor or provides services	979
pursuant to a construction contract, as defined in section 4123.79	980
of the Revised Code, if at least ten of the following criteria	981
apply:	982

(i) The person is required to comply with instructions from

the other contracting party regarding the manner or method of performing services;	984 985
(ii) The person is required by the other contracting party to have particular training;	986 987
(iii) The person's services are integrated into the regular functioning of the other contracting party;	988 989
(iv) The person is required to perform the work personally;	990
(v) The person is hired, supervised, or paid by the other contracting party;	991 992
(vi) A continuing relationship exists between the person and the other contracting party that contemplates continuing or recurring work even if the work is not full time;	993 994 995
<pre>(vii) The person's hours of work are established by the other contracting party;</pre>	996 997
(viii) The person is required to devote full time to the business of the other contracting party;	998 999
(ix) The person is required to perform the work on the premises of the other contracting party;	1000 1001
(x) The person is required to follow the order of work set by the other contracting party;	1002 1003
(xi) The person is required to make oral or written reports of progress to the other contracting party;	1004 1005
(xii) The person is paid for services on a regular basis such as hourly, weekly, or monthly;	1006 1007
(xiii) The person's expenses are paid for by the other contracting party;	1008 1009
(xiv) The person's tools and materials are furnished by the other contracting party;	1010 1011
(xv) The person is provided with the facilities used to	1012

perform services;	1013
(xvi) The person does not realize a profit or suffer a loss as a result of the services provided;	1014 1015
(xvii) The person is not performing services for a number of employers at the same time;	1016 1017
(xviii) The person does not make the same services available to the general public;	1018 1019
$(\mathrm{xix})$ The other contracting party has a right to discharge the person;	1020 1021
(xx) The person has the right to end the relationship with the other contracting party without incurring liability pursuant to an employment contract or agreement.	1022 1023 1024
Every person in the service of any independent contractor or subcontractor who has failed to pay into the state insurance fund	1025 1026
the amount of premium determined and fixed by the administrator of workers' compensation for the person's employment or occupation or if a self-insuring employer has failed to pay compensation and	1027 1028 1029
benefits directly to the employer's injured and to the dependents of the employer's killed employees as required by section 4123.35	1029 1030 1031
of the Revised Code, shall be considered as the employee of the person who has entered into a contract, whether written or verbal,	1032 1033
with such independent contractor unless such employees or their legal representatives or beneficiaries elect, after injury or	1034 1035
death, to regard such independent contractor as the employer.  (2) "Employee" does not mean any of the following:	1036 1037
(a) A duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister or assistant or associate minister of a church in the exercise of ministry;	1038 1039 1040
<ul><li>(b) Any officer of a family farm corporation;</li><li>(c) An individual incorporated as a corporation;</li></ul>	1041 1042
( - ,	

(d) An officer of a nonprofit corporation, as defined in	1043
section 1702.01 of the Revised Code, who volunteers the person's	1044
services as a an officer;	1045

(e) An individual who otherwise is an employee of an employer 1046 but who signs the waiver and affidavit specified in section 1047 4123.15 of the Revised Code on the condition that the 1048 administrator has granted a waiver and exception to the 1049 individual's employer under section 4123.15 of the Revised Code; 1050

#### (f) An illegal alien or an unauthorized alien.

Any employer may elect to include as an "employee" within 1052 this chapter, any person excluded from the definition of 1053 "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of 1054 this section in accordance with rules adopted by the 1055 administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau of 1056 workers' compensation board of directors. If an employer is a 1057 partnership, sole proprietorship, individual incorporated as a 1058 corporation, or family farm corporation, such employer may elect 1059 to include as an "employee" within this chapter, any member of 1060 such partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, the 1061 individual incorporated as a corporation, or the officers of the 1062 family farm corporation. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a 1063 partner, sole proprietor, or any person excluded from the 1064 definition of "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), 1065 or (e) of this section from electing to be included as an 1066 "employee" under this chapter in accordance with rules adopted by 1067 the administrator, with the advice and consent of the board. 1068

In the event of an election, the employer or person electing 1069 coverage shall serve upon the bureau of workers' compensation 1070 written notice naming the person to be covered and include the 1071 person's remuneration for premium purposes in all future payroll 1072 reports. No partner, sole proprietor, or person excluded from the 1073 definition of "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), 1074

or (e) of this section, shall receive benefits or compensation	1075
under this chapter until the bureau receives written notice of the	1076
election permitted by this section.	1077

For informational purposes only, the bureau shall prescribe 1078 such language as it considers appropriate, on such of its forms as 1079 it considers appropriate, to advise employers of their right to 1080 elect to include as an "employee" within this chapter a sole 1081 proprietor, any member of a partnership, or a person excluded from 1082 the definition of "employee" under division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), 1083 or (e) of this section, that they should check any health and 1084 disability insurance policy, or other form of health and 1085 disability plan or contract, presently covering them, or the 1086 purchase of which they may be considering, to determine whether 1087 such policy, plan, or contract excludes benefits for illness or 1088 injury that they might have elected to have covered by workers' 1089 compensation. 1090

#### (B) "Employer" means:

- (1) The state, including state hospitals, each county, 1092 municipal corporation, township, school district, and hospital 1093 owned by a political subdivision or subdivisions other than the 1094 state; 1095
- (2) Every person, firm, professional employer organization, 1096 and private corporation, including any public service corporation, 1097 that (a) has in service one or more employees or shared employees 1098 regularly in the same business or in or about the same 1099 establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral 1100 or written, or (b) is bound by any such contract of hire or by any 1101 other written contract, to pay into the insurance fund the 1102 premiums provided by this chapter. 1103

All such employers are subject to this chapter. Any member of 1104 a firm or association, who regularly performs manual labor in or 1105

participate;

1117

about a mine, factory, or other establishment, including a	1106
household establishment, shall be considered an employee in	1107
determining whether such person, firm, or private corporation, or	1108
public service corporation, has in its service, one or more	1109
employees and the employer shall report the income derived from	1110
such labor to the bureau as part of the payroll of such employer,	1111
and such member shall thereupon be entitled to all the benefits of	1112
an employee.	1113
(C) "Injury" includes any injury, whether caused by external	1114
accidental means or accidental in character and result, received	1115
in the course of, and arising out of, the injured employee's	1116

- employment. "Injury" does not include: (1) Psychiatric conditions except where the claimant's 1118 psychiatric conditions have arisen from an injury or occupational 1119 disease sustained by that claimant or where the claimant's 1120 psychiatric conditions have arisen from sexual conduct in which 1121 the claimant was forced by threat of physical harm to engage or 1122
- (2) Injury or disability caused primarily by the natural 1124 deterioration of tissue, an organ, or part of the body; 1125
- (3) Injury or disability incurred in voluntary participation 1126 in an employer-sponsored recreation or fitness activity if the 1127 employee signs a waiver of the employee's right to compensation or 1128 benefits under this chapter prior to engaging in the recreation or 1129 fitness activity; 1130
- (4) A condition that pre-existed an injury unless that 1131 pre-existing condition is substantially aggravated by the injury. 1132 Such a substantial aggravation must be documented by objective 1133 diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or objective 1134 test results. Subjective complaints may be evidence of such a 1135 substantial aggravation. However, subjective complaints without 1136

objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or	1137
objective test results are insufficient to substantiate a	1138
substantial aggravation.	1139

- (D) "Child" includes a posthumous child and a child legally 1140 adopted prior to the injury. 1141
- (E) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation founded for 1142 the purpose of farming agricultural land in which the majority of 1143 the voting stock is held by and the majority of the stockholders 1144 are persons or the spouse of persons related to each other within 1145 the fourth degree of kinship, according to the rules of the civil 1146 law, and at least one of the related persons is residing on or 1147 actively operating the farm, and none of whose stockholders are a 1148 corporation. A family farm corporation does not cease to qualify 1149 under this division where, by reason of any devise, bequest, or 1150 the operation of the laws of descent or distribution, the 1151 ownership of shares of voting stock is transferred to another 1152 person, as long as that person is within the degree of kinship 1153 stipulated in this division. 1154
- (F) "Occupational disease" means a disease contracted in the 1155 course of employment, which by its causes and the characteristics 1156 of its manifestation or the condition of the employment results in 1157 a hazard which distinguishes the employment in character from 1158 employment generally, and the employment creates a risk of 1159 contracting the disease in greater degree and in a different 1160 manner from the public in general.
- (G) "Self-insuring employer" means an employer who is granted the privilege of paying compensation and benefits directly under 1163 section 4123.35 of the Revised Code, including a board of county 1164 commissioners for the sole purpose of constructing a sports 1165 facility as defined in section 307.696 of the Revised Code, 1166 provided that the electors of the county in which the sports 1167 facility is to be built have approved construction of a sports 1168

facility by ballot election no later than November 6, 1997.	1169
(H) "Private employer" means an employer as defined in	1170
division (B)(2) of this section.	1171
(I) "Professional employer organization" has the same meaning	1172
as in section 4125.01 of the Revised Code.	1173
(J) "Public employer" means an employer as defined in	1174
division (B)(1) of this section.	1175
(K) "Sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a male	1176
and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus between	1177
persons regardless of gender; and, without privilege to do so, the	1178
insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or any	1179
instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or anal	1180
cavity of another. Penetration, however slight, is sufficient to	1181
complete vaginal or anal intercourse.	1182
(L) "Other-states' insurer" means an insurance company that	1183
is authorized to provide workers' compensation insurance coverage	1184
in any of the states that permit employers to obtain insurance for	1185
workers' compensation claims through insurance companies.	1186
(M) "Other-states' coverage" means both of the following:	1187
(1) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	1188
workers' compensation claims of employees who are in employment	1189
relationships localized in a state other than this state or those	1190
employees' dependents;	1191
(2) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	1192
workers' compensation claims that arise in a state other than this	1193
state where an employer elects to obtain coverage through either	1194
the administrator or an other-states' insurer.	1195
(N) "Limited other-states coverage" means insurance coverage	1196
provided by the administrator to an eligible employer for workers'	1197
compensation claims of employees who are in an employment	1198

relationship localized in this state but are temporarily working	1199
in a state other than this state, or those employees' dependents.	1200
(0) "Illegal alien" means an alien who is deportable if	1201
apprehended because of one of the following:	1202
(1) The alien entered the United States illegally without the	1203
proper authorization and documents.	1204
(2) The alien once entered the United States legally and has	1205
since violated the terms of the status under which the alien	1206
entered the United States, making that alien an "out of status"	1207
alien.	1208
(3) The alien once entered the United States legally but has	1209
overstayed the time limits of the original legal status.	1210
(P) "Unauthorized alien" means an alien who is not authorized	1211
to be employed as determined in accordance with section 101(a) of	1212
the "Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986," 100 Stat. 3360,	1213
8 U.S.C. 1324a.	1214
Sec. 4123.29. (A) The administrator of workers' compensation,	1215
subject to the approval of the bureau of workers' compensation	1216
board of directors, shall do all of the following:	1217
(1) Classify occupations or industries with respect to their	1218
degree of hazard and determine the risks of the different classes	1219
according to the categories the national council on compensation	1220
insurance establishes that are applicable to employers in this	1221
state;	1222
(2)(a) Fix the rates of premium of the risks of the classes	1223
based upon the total payroll in each of the classes of occupation	1224
or industry sufficiently large to provide a fund for the	1225
compensation provided for in this chapter and to maintain a state	1226
insurance fund from year to year. The administrator shall set the	1227
rates at a level that assures the solvency of the fund. Where the	1228

payroll cannot be obtained or, in the opinion of the 1229 administrator, is not an adequate measure for determining the 1230 premium to be paid for the degree of hazard, the administrator may 1231 determine the rates of premium upon such other basis, consistent 1232 with insurance principles, as is equitable in view of the degree 1233 of hazard, and whenever in this chapter reference is made to 1234 payroll or expenditure of wages with reference to fixing premiums, 1235 the reference shall be construed to have been made also to such 1236 other basis for fixing the rates of premium as the administrator 1237 may determine under this section. 1238

- (b) If an employer elects to obtain other-states' coverage, 1239 including limited other-states' coverage, pursuant to section 1240 4123.292 of the Revised Code through the administrator, if the 1241 administrator elects to offer such coverage, calculate the 1242 employer's premium for the state insurance fund in the same manner 1243 as otherwise required under division (A) of this section and 1244 section 4123.34 of the Revised Code, except that the administrator 1245 may establish in rule an alternative calculation of the employer's 1246 premium to appropriately account for the expenditure of wages, 1247 payroll, or both attributable to the labor performed and services 1248 provided by that employer's employees when those employees 1249 performed labor and provided services in this state and in the 1250 other state or states for which the employer elects to secure 1251 1252 other-states' coverage.
- (c) If an employer elects to obtain other-states' coverage 1253 pursuant to section 4123.292 of the Revised Code through an 1254 other-states' insurer, calculate the employer's premium for the 1255 state insurance fund in the same manner as otherwise required 1256 under division (A) of this section and section 4123.34 of the 1257 Revised Code, except that when the administrator determines the 1258 expenditure of wages, payroll, or both upon which to base the 1259 employer's premium, the administrator shall use only the 1260

expenditure of wages, payroll, or both attributable to the labor	1261
performed and services provided by that employer's employees when	1262
those employees performed labor and provided services in this	1263
state only and to which the other-states' coverage does not apply.	1264
The administrator may adopt rules setting forth the information	1265
that an employer electing to obtain other-states' coverage through	1266
an other-states' insurer shall report for purposes of determining	1267
the expenditure of wages, payroll, or both attributable to the	1268
labor performed and services provided in this state.	1269
(d) The administrator in setting or revising rates shall	1270
furnish to employers an adequate explanation of the basis for the	1271
rates set.	1272
(3) Develop and make available to employers who are paying	1273
premiums to the state insurance fund alternative premium plans.	1274
Alternative premium plans shall include retrospective rating	1275
plans. The administrator may make available plans under which an	1276
advanced deposit may be applied against a specified deductible	1277
amount per claim.	1278
(4)(a) Offer to insure the obligations of employers under	1279
this chapter under a plan that groups, for rating purposes,	1280
employers, and pools the risk of the employers within the group	1281
provided that the employers meet all of the following conditions:	1282
(i) All of the employers within the group are members of an	1283
organization that has been in existence for at least two years	1284
prior to the date of application for group coverage;	1285
(ii) The organization was formed for purposes other than that	1286
of obtaining group workers' compensation under this division;	1287
(iii) The employers' business in the organization is	1288
substantially similar such that the risks which are grouped are	1289
substantially homogeneous;	1290

(iv) The group of employers consists of at least one hundred

members or the aggregate workers' compensation premiums of the	1292
members, as determined by the administrator, are estimated to	1293
exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars during the coverage	1294
period;	1295
(v) The formation and operation of the group program in the	1296
organization will substantially improve accident prevention and	1297
claims handling for the employers in the group;	1298
(vi) Each employer seeking to enroll in a group for workers'	1299
compensation coverage has an account in good standing with the	1300
bureau of workers' compensation. The administrator shall adopt	1301
rules setting forth the criteria by which the administrator will	1302
determine whether an employer's account is in good standing.	1303
(b) If an organization sponsors more than one employer group	1304
to participate in group plans established under this section, that	1305
organization may submit a single application that supplies all of	1306
the information necessary for each group of employers that the	1307
organization wishes to sponsor.	1308
(c) In providing employer group plans under division (A)(4)	1309
of this section, the administrator shall consider an employer	1310
group as a single employing entity for purposes of group rating.	1311
No employer may be a member of more than one group for the purpose	1312
of obtaining workers' compensation coverage under this division.	1313
(d) At the time the administrator revises premium rates	1314
pursuant to this section and section 4123.34 of the Revised Code,	1315
if the premium rate of an employer who participates in a group	1316
plan established under this section changes from the rate	1317
established for the previous year, the administrator, in addition	1318
to sending the invoice with the rate revision to that employer,	1319
shall <del>send a copy of that invoice</del> provide an explanation of the	1320
rate revision to the third-party administrator that administers	1321

the group plan for that employer's group.

- (e) In providing employer group plans under division (A)(4) 1323 of this section, the administrator shall establish a program 1324 designed to mitigate the impact of a significant claim that would 1325 come into the experience of a private, state fund group-rated 1326 employer or a taxing district employer for the first time and be a 1327 contributing factor in that employer being excluded from a 1328 group-rated plan. The administrator shall establish eligibility 1329 criteria and requirements that such employers must satisfy in 1330 order to participate in this program. For purposes of this 1331 program, the administrator shall establish a discount on premium 1332 rates applicable to employers who qualify for the program. 1333 (f) In no event shall division (A)(4) of this section be 1334 construed as granting to an employer status as a self-insuring 1335 employer. 1336 (g) The administrator shall develop classifications of 1337 occupations or industries that are sufficiently distinct so as not 1338 to group employers in classifications that unfairly represent the 1339 risks of employment with the employer. 1340 (5) Generally promote employer participation in the state 1341 insurance fund through the regular dissemination of information to 1342 all classes of employers describing the advantages and benefits of 1343 opting to make premium payments to the fund. To that end, the 1344 administrator shall regularly make employers aware of the various 1345 workers' compensation premium packages developed and offered 1346 pursuant to this section. 1347
- (6) Make available to every employer who is paying premiums

  to the state insurance fund a program whereby the employer or the

  employer's agent pays to the claimant or on behalf of the claimant

  the first fifteen thousand dollars of a compensable workers'

  compensation medical-only claim filed by that claimant that is

  related to the same injury or occupational disease. No formal

  application is required; however, an employer must elect to

  1348

participate by telephoning the bureau after July 1, 1995. Once an	1355
employer has elected to participate in the program, the employer	1356
will be responsible for all bills in all medical-only claims with	1357
a date of injury the same or later than the election date, unless	1358
the employer notifies the bureau within fourteen days of receipt	1359
of the notification of a claim being filed that it does not wish	1360
to pay the bills in that claim, or the employer notifies the	1361
bureau that the fifteen thousand dollar maximum has been paid, or	1362
the employer notifies the bureau of the last day of service on	1363
which it will be responsible for the bills in a particular	1364
medical-only claim. If an employer elects to enter the program,	1365
the administrator shall not reimburse the employer for such	1366
amounts paid and shall not charge the first fifteen thousand	1367
dollars of any medical-only claim paid by an employer to the	1368
employer's experience or otherwise use it in merit rating or	1369
determining the risks of any employer for the purpose of payment	1370
of premiums under this chapter. A certified health care provider	1371
shall extend to an employer who participates in this program the	1372
same rates for services rendered to an employee of that employer	1373
as the provider bills the administrator for the same type of	1374
medical claim processed by the bureau and shall not charge,	1375
assess, or otherwise attempt to collect from an employee any	1376
amount for covered services or supplies that is in excess of that	1377
rate. If an employer elects to enter the program and the employer	1378
fails to pay a bill for a medical-only claim included in the	1379
program, the employer shall be liable for that bill and the	1380
employee for whom the employer failed to pay the bill shall not be	1381
liable for that bill. The administrator shall adopt rules to	1382
implement and administer division (A)(6) of this section. Upon	1383
written request from the bureau, the employer shall provide	1384
documentation to the bureau of all medical-only bills that they	1385
are paying directly. Such requests from the bureau may not be made	1386
more frequently than on a semiannual basis. Failure to provide	1387

such documentation to the bureau within thirty days of receipt of	1388
the request may result in the employer's forfeiture of	1389
participation in the program for such injury. The provisions of	1390
this section shall not apply to claims in which an employer with	1391
knowledge of a claimed compensable injury or occupational disease,	1392
has paid wages in lieu of compensation or total disability.	1393
(B) The administrator, with the advice and consent of the	1394
board, by rule, may do both of the following:	1395
(1) Grant an employer who pays the employer's annual	1396
estimated premium in full prior to the start of the policy year	1397
for which the estimated premium is due, a discount as the	1398
administrator fixes from time to time;	1399
(2) Levy a minimum annual administrative charge upon risks	1400
where premium reports develop a charge less than the administrator	1401
considers adequate to offset administrative costs of processing.	1402
Sec. 4123.343. This section shall be construed liberally to	1403
the end that employers shall be encouraged to employ and retain in	1404
their employment handicapped employees as defined in this section.	1405
(A) As used in this section, "handicapped employee" means an	1406
employee who is afflicted with or subject to any physical or	1407
mental impairment, or both, whether congenital or due to an injury	1408
or disease of such character that the impairment constitutes a	1409
handicap in obtaining employment or would constitute a handicap in	1410
obtaining reemployment if the employee should become unemployed	1411
and whose handicap is due to any of the following diseases or	1412
conditions:	1413
(1) Epilepsy;	1414
(2) Diabetes;	1415
(3) Cardiac disease;	1416
(4) Arthritis;	1417

(5) Amputated foot, leg, arm, or hand;	1418
(6) Loss of sight of one or both eyes or a partial loss of	1419
uncorrected vision of more than seventy-five per cent bilaterally;	1420
(7) Residual disability from poliomyelitis;	1421
(8) Cerebral palsy;	1422
(9) Multiple sclerosis;	1423
(10) Parkinson's disease;	1424
(11) Cerebral vascular accident;	1425
(12) Tuberculosis;	1426
(13) Silicosis;	1427
(14) Psycho-neurotic disability following treatment in a	1428
recognized medical or mental institution;	1429
(15) Hemophilia;	1430
(16) Chronic osteomyelitis;	1431
(17) Ankylosis of joints;	1432
(18) Hyper insulinism;	1433
(19) Muscular dystrophies;	1434
(20) Arterio-sclerosis;	1435
(21) Thrombo-phlebitis;	1436
(22) Varicose veins;	1437
(23) Cardiovascular, pulmonary, or respiratory diseases of a	1438
firefighter or police officer employed by a municipal corporation	1439
or township as a regular member of a lawfully constituted police	1440
department or fire department;	1441
(24) Coal miners' pneumoconiosis, commonly referred to as	1442
"black lung disease";	1443
(25) Disability with respect to which an individual has	1444

completed	а	rehabil	Lita	ation	program	conducted	pursuant	to	sections	14	445
4121.61 to	o 4	4121.69	of	the	Revised	Code.				14	446

(B) Under the circumstances set forth in this section all or 1447 such portion as the administrator determines of the compensation 1448 and benefits paid in any claim arising hereafter shall be charged 1449 to and paid from the statutory surplus fund created under section 1450 4123.34 of the Revised Code and only the portion remaining shall 1451 be merit-rated or otherwise treated as part of the accident or 1452 occupational disease experience of the employer. The provisions of 1453 this section apply only in cases of death, total disability, 1454 whether temporary or permanent, and all disabilities compensated 1455 under division (B) of section 4123.57 of the Revised Code. The 1456 administrator shall adopt rules specifying the grounds upon which 1457 charges to the statutory surplus fund are to be made. The 1458 administrator, in those rules, shall prohibit as a grounds any 1459 agreement between employer and claimant as to the merits of a 1460 claim and the amount of the charge require that a settlement 1461 agreement approved pursuant to section 4123.65 of the Revised Code 1462 or a settlement agreement approved by a court of competent 1463 jurisdiction in this state be treated as an award of compensation 1464 granted by the administrator for the purpose of making a 1465 determination under this section. 1466

(C) Any employer who has in its employ a handicapped employee 1467 is entitled, in the event the person is injured, to a 1468 determination under this section.

An employer shall file an application under this section for

a determination with the bureau or commission in the same manner

as other claims. An application only may be made in cases where a

handicapped employee or a handicapped employee's dependents claim

or are receiving an award of compensation as a result of an injury

or occupational disease occurring or contracted on or after the

date on which division (A) of this section first included the

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handicap of such employee. 1477 (D) The circumstances under and the manner in which an 1478 apportionment under this section shall be made are: 1479 (1) Whenever a handicapped employee is injured or disabled or 1480 dies as the result of an injury or occupational disease sustained 1481 in the course of and arising out of a handicapped employee's 1482 employment in this state and the administrator awards compensation 1483 therefor and when it appears to the satisfaction of the 1484 administrator that the injury or occupational disease or the death 1485 resulting therefrom would not have occurred but for the 1486 pre-existing physical or mental impairment of the handicapped 1487 employee, all compensation and benefits payable on account of the 1488 disability or death shall be paid from the surplus fund. 1489 (2) Whenever a handicapped employee is injured or disabled or 1490 dies as a result of an injury or occupational disease and the 1491 administrator finds that the injury or occupational disease would 1492 have been sustained or suffered without regard to the employee's 1493 pre-existing impairment but that the resulting disability or death 1494 was caused at least in part through aggravation of the employee's 1495 pre-existing disability, the administrator shall determine in a 1496 manner that is equitable and reasonable and based upon medical 1497 evidence the amount of disability or proportion of the cost of the 1498 death award that is attributable to the employee's pre-existing 1499 disability and the amount found shall be charged to the statutory 1500 surplus fund. 1501 (E) The benefits and provisions of this section apply only to 1502 employers who have complied with this chapter through insurance 1503 with the state fund. 1504 (F) No employer shall in any year receive credit under this 1505 section in an amount greater than the premium the employer paid. 1506

(G) An order issued by the administrator pursuant to this

section is appealable under section 4123.511 of the Revised Code	1508
but is not appealable to court under section 4123.512 of the	1509
Revised Code.	1510

Sec. 4123.511. (A) Within seven days after receipt of any 1511 claim under this chapter, the bureau of workers' compensation 1512 shall notify the claimant and the employer of the claimant of the 1513 receipt of the claim and of the facts alleged therein. If the 1514 bureau receives from a person other than the claimant written or 1515 facsimile information or information communicated verbally over 1516 the telephone indicating that an injury or occupational disease 1517 has occurred or been contracted which may be compensable under 1518 this chapter, the bureau shall notify the employee and the 1519 employer of the information. If the information is provided 1520 verbally over the telephone, the person providing the information 1521 shall provide written verification of the information to the 1522 bureau according to division (E) of section 4123.84 of the Revised 1523 Code. The receipt of the information in writing or facsimile, or 1524 if initially by telephone, the subsequent written verification, 1525 and the notice by the bureau shall be considered an application 1526 for compensation under section 4123.84 or 4123.85 of the Revised 1527 Code, provided that the conditions of division (E) of section 1528 4123.84 of the Revised Code apply to information provided verbally 1529 over the telephone. Upon receipt of a claim, the bureau shall 1530 advise the claimant of the claim number assigned and the 1531 claimant's right to representation in the processing of a claim or 1532 to elect no representation. If 1533

To be considered eligible for compensation or benefits paid

under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the

Revised Code other than medical benefits as described in section

4123.66 of the Revised Code, the claimant shall submit to the

administrator of workers' compensation a signed attestation that

the claimant is an eligible "employee" as that term is defined in

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<u>section 4123.01 of the Revised Code or, if the claimant is a</u>	1540
dependent of an individual who died as a result of suffering an	1541
injury or contracting an occupational disease, that the individual	1542
who is the subject of the claim was such an employee. The	1543
administrator shall not pay compensation or benefits, other than	1544
medical benefits described in section 4123.66 of the Revised Code,	1545
unless the administrator receives the signed attestation. The	1546
administrator, if the administrator has reason to believe that a	1547
submitted attestation is not valid, may request the claimant to	1548
submit proof to the administrator that the attestation is valid.	1549
The administrator shall make the request in writing and shall	1550
state in the request the type of proof necessary to determine	1551
validity and the date by which the claimant shall submit the	1552
proof. If a claimant fails to comply with the request, the	1553
administrator shall deny the claim for compensation or benefits	1554
other than medical benefits and the claimant is barred from	1555
refiling that claim for compensation or benefits. A denial of a	1556
claim for compensation or benefits for failing to comply with the	1557
written request may be appealed under this section and section	1558
4123.512 of the Revised Code. In the event a claimant provides a	1559
signed attestation required under this division and it is later	1560
determined that the claimant is or the deceased individual who is	1561
the subject of the claim was an illegal or unauthorized alien, the	1562
claimant shall be subject to prosecution for a violation of	1563
section 2913.48 of the Revised Code.	1564

 $\underline{\text{If}}$  the bureau determines that a claim is determined to be a 1565 compensable lost-time claim, the bureau shall notify the claimant 1566 and the employer of the availability of rehabilitation services. 1567 No bureau or industrial commission employee shall directly or 1568 indirectly convey any information in derogation of this right. 1569 This section shall in no way abrogate the bureau's responsibility 1570 to aid and assist a claimant in the filing of a claim and to 1571 advise the claimant of the claimant's rights under the law. 1572 The administrator of workers' compensation shall assign all 1573 claims and investigations to the bureau service office from which 1574 investigation and determination may be made most expeditiously. 1575

The bureau shall investigate the facts concerning an injury 1576 or occupational disease and ascertain such facts in whatever 1577 manner is most appropriate and may obtain statements of the 1578 employee, employer, attending physician, and witnesses in whatever 1579 manner is most appropriate. 1580

The administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau 1581 of workers' compensation board of directors, may adopt rules that 1582 identify specified medical conditions that have a historical 1583 record of being allowed whenever included in a claim. The 1584 administrator may grant immediate allowance of any medical 1585 condition identified in those rules upon the filing of a claim 1586 involving that medical condition and may make immediate payment of 1587 medical bills for any medical condition identified in those rules 1588 that is included in a claim. If an employer contests the allowance 1589 of a claim involving any medical condition identified in those 1590 rules, and the claim is disallowed, payment for the medical 1591 condition included in that claim shall be charged to and paid from 1592 the surplus fund account created under section 4123.34 of the 1593 Revised Code. 1594

(B)(1) Except as provided in division (B)(2) of this section, 1595 in claims other than those in which the employer is a 1596 self-insuring employer, if the administrator determines under 1597 division (A) of this section that a claimant is or is not entitled 1598 to an award of compensation or benefits, the administrator shall 1599 issue an order no later than twenty-eight days after the sending 1600 of the notice under division (A) of this section, granting or 1601 denying the payment of the compensation or benefits, or both as is 1602 appropriate to the claimant. Notwithstanding the time limitation 1603 specified in this division for the issuance of an order, if a 1604

medical examination of the claimant is required by statute, the	1605
administrator promptly shall schedule the claimant for that	1606
examination and shall issue an order no later than twenty-eight	1607
days after receipt of the report of the examination. The	1608
administrator shall notify the claimant and the employer of the	1609
claimant and their respective representatives in writing of the	1610
nature of the order and the amounts of compensation and benefit	1611
payments involved. The employer or claimant may appeal the order	1612
pursuant to division (C) of this section within fourteen days	1613
after the date of the receipt of the order. The employer and	1614
claimant may waive, in writing, their rights to an appeal under	1615
this division.	1616

- (2) Notwithstanding the time limitation specified in division 1617 (B)(1) of this section for the issuance of an order, if the 1618 employer certifies a claim for payment of compensation or 1619 benefits, or both, to a claimant, and the administrator has 1620 completed the investigation of the claim, the payment of benefits 1621 or compensation, or both, as is appropriate, shall commence upon 1622 the later of the date of the certification or completion of the 1623 investigation and issuance of the order by the administrator, 1624 provided that the administrator shall issue the order no later 1625 than the time limitation specified in division (B)(1) of this 1626 section. 1627
- (3) If an appeal is made under division (B)(1) or (2) of this 1628 section, the administrator shall forward the claim file to the 1629 appropriate district hearing officer within seven days of the 1630 appeal. In contested claims other than state fund claims, the 1631 administrator shall forward the claim within seven days of the 1632 administrator's receipt of the claim to the industrial commission, 1633 which shall refer the claim to an appropriate district hearing 1634 officer for a hearing in accordance with division (C) of this 1635 section. 1636

(C) If an employer or claimant timely appeals the order of	1637
the administrator issued under division (B) of this section or in	1638
the case of other contested claims other than state fund claims,	1639
the commission shall refer the claim to an appropriate district	1640
hearing officer according to rules the commission adopts under	1641
section 4121.36 of the Revised Code. The district hearing officer	1642
shall notify the parties and their respective representatives of	1643
the time and place of the hearing.	1644

The district hearing officer shall hold a hearing on a 1645 disputed issue or claim within forty-five days after the filing of 1646 the appeal under this division and issue a decision within seven 1647 days after holding the hearing. The district hearing officer shall 1648 notify the parties and their respective representatives in writing 1649 of the order. Any party may appeal an order issued under this 1650 division pursuant to division (D) of this section within fourteen 1651 days after receipt of the order under this division. 1652

- (D) Upon the timely filing of an appeal of the order of the 1653 district hearing officer issued under division (C) of this 1654 section, the commission shall refer the claim file to an 1655 appropriate staff hearing officer according to its rules adopted 1656 under section 4121.36 of the Revised Code. The staff hearing 1657 officer shall hold a hearing within forty-five days after the 1658 filing of an appeal under this division and issue a decision 1659 within seven days after holding the hearing under this division. 1660 The staff hearing officer shall notify the parties and their 1661 respective representatives in writing of the staff hearing 1662 officer's order. Any party may appeal an order issued under this 1663 division pursuant to division (E) of this section within fourteen 1664 days after receipt of the order under this division. 1665
- (E) Upon the filing of a timely appeal of the order of the staff hearing officer issued under division (D) of this section, 1667 the commission or a designated staff hearing officer, on behalf of 1668

the commission, shall determine whether the commission will hear	1669
the appeal. If the commission or the designated staff hearing	1670
officer decides to hear the appeal, the commission or the	1671
designated staff hearing officer shall notify the parties and	1672
their respective representatives in writing of the time and place	1673
of the hearing. The commission shall hold the hearing within	1674
forty-five days after the filing of the notice of appeal and,	1675
within seven days after the conclusion of the hearing, the	1676
commission shall issue its order affirming, modifying, or	1677
reversing the order issued under division (D) of this section. The	1678
commission shall notify the parties and their respective	1679
representatives in writing of the order. If the commission or the	1680
designated staff hearing officer determines not to hear the	1681
appeal, within fourteen days after the expiration of the period in	1682
which an appeal of the order of the staff hearing officer may be	1683
filed as provided in division (D) of this section, the commission	1684
or the designated staff hearing officer shall issue an order to	1685
that effect and notify the parties and their respective	1686
representatives in writing of that order.	1687

Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and Chapters 1688 4121., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code, any party may appeal 1689 an order issued under this division to the court pursuant to 1690 section 4123.512 of the Revised Code within sixty days after 1691 receipt of the order, subject to the limitations contained in that 1692 section.

- (F) Every notice of an appeal from an order issued under 1694 divisions (B), (C), (D), and (E) of this section shall state the 1695 names of the claimant and employer, the number of the claim, the 1696 date of the decision appealed from, and the fact that the 1697 appellant appeals therefrom.
- (G) All of the following apply to the proceedings under 1699 divisions (C), (D), and (E) of this section: 1700

of an order;

(1) The parties shall proceed promptly and without	1701
continuances except for good cause;	1702
(2) The parties, in good faith, shall engage in the free	1703
exchange of information relevant to the claim prior to the conduct	1704
of a hearing according to the rules the commission adopts under	1705
section 4121.36 of the Revised Code;	1706
(3) The administrator is a party and may appear and	1707
participate at all administrative proceedings on behalf of the	1708
state insurance fund. However, in cases in which the employer is	1709
represented, the administrator shall neither present arguments nor	1710
introduce testimony that is cumulative to that presented or	1711
introduced by the employer or the employer's representative. The	1712
administrator may file an appeal under this section on behalf of	1713
the state insurance fund; however, except in cases arising under	1714
section 4123.343 of the Revised Code, the administrator only may	1715
appeal questions of law or issues of fraud when the employer	1716
appears in person or by representative.	1717
(H) Except as provided in section 4121.63 of the Revised Code	1718
and division (K) of this section, payments of compensation to a	1719
claimant or on behalf of a claimant as a result of any order	1720
issued under this chapter shall commence upon the earlier of the	1721
following:	1722
(1) Fourteen days after the date the administrator issues an	1723
order under division (B) of this section, unless that order is	1724
appealed;	1725
(2) The date when the employer has waived the right to appeal	1726
a decision issued under division (B) of this section;	1727
(3) If no appeal of an order has been filed under this	1728
section or to a court under section 4123.512 of the Revised Code,	1729
the expiration of the time limitations for the filing of an appeal	1730

under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the

order under division (D) of this section;

Revised Code shall commence upon the earlier of the following:

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(4) The date of receipt by the employer of an order of a	1732
district hearing officer, a staff hearing officer, or the	1733
industrial commission issued under division (C), (D), or (E) of	1734
this section.	1735
(I) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) of section	1736
4123.66 of the Revised Code, payments of medical benefits payable	1737

- (1) The date of the issuance of the staff hearing officer's 1740
- (2) The date of the final administrative or judicial 1742 determination.
- (J) The administrator shall charge the compensation payments 1744 made in accordance with division (H) of this section or medical 1745 benefits payments made in accordance with division (I) of this 1746 section to an employer's experience immediately after the employer 1747 has exhausted the employer's administrative appeals as provided in 1748 this section or has waived the employer's right to an 1749 administrative appeal under division (B) of this section, subject 1750 to the adjustment specified in division (H) of section 4123.512 of 1751 the Revised Code. 1752
- (K) Upon the final administrative or judicial determination 1753 under this section or section 4123.512 of the Revised Code of an 1754 appeal of an order to pay compensation, if a claimant is found to 1755 have received compensation pursuant to a prior order which is 1756 reversed upon subsequent appeal, the claimant's employer, if a 1757 self-insuring employer, or the bureau, shall withhold from any 1758 amount to which the claimant becomes entitled pursuant to any 1759 claim, past, present, or future, under Chapter 4121., 4123., 1760 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code, the amount of previously paid 1761 compensation to the claimant which, due to reversal upon appeal, 1762

the claimant is not entitled, pursuant to the following criteria:	1763
(1) No withholding for the first twelve weeks of temporary	1764
total disability compensation pursuant to section 4123.56 of the	1765
Revised Code shall be made;	1766
(2) Forty per cent of all awards of compensation paid	1767
pursuant to sections 4123.56 and 4123.57 of the Revised Code,	1768
until the amount overpaid is refunded;	1769
(3) Twenty-five per cent of any compensation paid pursuant to	1770
section 4123.58 of the Revised Code until the amount overpaid is	1771
refunded;	1772
(4) If, pursuant to an appeal under section 4123.512 of the	1773
Revised Code, the court of appeals or the supreme court reverses	1774
the allowance of the claim, then no amount of any compensation	1775
will be withheld.	1776
The administrator and self-insuring employers, as	1777
appropriate, are subject to the repayment schedule of this	1778
division only with respect to an order to pay compensation that	1779
was properly paid under a previous order, but which is	1780
subsequently reversed upon an administrative or judicial appeal.	1781
The administrator and self-insuring employers are not subject to,	1782
but may utilize, the repayment schedule of this division, or any	1783
other lawful means, to collect payment of compensation made to a	1784
person who was not entitled to the compensation due to fraud as	1785
determined by the administrator or the industrial commission.	1786
(L) If a staff hearing officer or the commission fails to	1787
issue a decision or the commission fails to refuse to hear an	1788
appeal within the time periods required by this section, payments	1789
to a claimant shall cease until the staff hearing officer or	1790
commission issues a decision or hears the appeal, unless the	1791
failure was due to the fault or neglect of the employer or the	1792

employer agrees that the payments should continue for a longer

period of time.	1794
(M) Except as otherwise provided in this section or section	1795
4123.522 of the Revised Code, no appeal is timely filed under this	1796
section unless the appeal is filed with the time limits set forth	1797
in this section.	1798
(N) No person who is not an employee of the bureau or	1799
commission or who is not by law given access to the contents of a	1800
claims file shall have a file in the person's possession.	1801
(0) Upon application of a party who resides in an area in	1802
which an emergency or disaster is declared, the industrial	1803
commission and hearing officers of the commission may waive the	1804
time frame within which claims and appeals of claims set forth in	1805
this section must be filed upon a finding that the applicant was	1806
unable to comply with a filing deadline due to an emergency or a	1807
disaster.	1808
As used in this division:	1809
(1) "Emergency" means any occasion or instance for which the	1810
governor of Ohio or the president of the United States publicly	1811
declares an emergency and orders state or federal assistance to	1812
save lives and protect property, the public health and safety, or	1813
to lessen or avert the threat of a catastrophe.	1814
(2) "Disaster" means any natural catastrophe or fire, flood,	1815
or explosion, regardless of the cause, that causes damage of	1816
sufficient magnitude that the governor of Ohio or the president of	1817
the United States, through a public declaration, orders state or	1818
federal assistance to alleviate damage, loss, hardship, or	1819
suffering that results from the occurrence.	1820
Sec. 4123.512. (A) The claimant or the employer may appeal an	1821
order of the industrial commission made under division (E) of	1822
section 4123.511 of the Revised Code in any injury or occupational	1823

disease case, other than a decision as to the extent of disability	1824
to the court of common pleas of the county in which the injury was	1825
inflicted or in which the contract of employment was made if the	1826
injury occurred outside the state, or in which the contract of	1827
employment was made if the exposure occurred outside the state. If	1828
no common pleas court has jurisdiction for the purposes of an	1829
appeal by the use of the jurisdictional requirements described in	1830
this division, the appellant may use the venue provisions in the	1831
Rules of Civil Procedure to vest jurisdiction in a court. If the	1832
claim is for an occupational disease, the appeal shall be to the	1833
court of common pleas of the county in which the exposure which	1834
caused the disease occurred. Like appeal may be taken from an	1835
order of a staff hearing officer made under division (D) of	1836
section 4123.511 of the Revised Code from which the commission has	1837
refused to hear an appeal. <del>The</del> <u>Except as otherwise provided in</u>	1838
this division, the appellant shall file the notice of appeal with	1839
a court of common pleas within sixty days after the date of the	1840
receipt of the order appealed from or the date of receipt of the	1841
order of the commission refusing to hear an appeal of a staff	1842
hearing officer's decision under division (D) of section 4123.511	1843
of the Revised Code. <del>The</del> <u>Either the claimant or the employer may</u>	1844
file a notice of an intent to settle the claim within thirty days	1845
after the date of the receipt of the order appealed from or of the	1846
order of the commission refusing to hear an appeal of a staff	1847
hearing officer's decision. The claimant or employer shall file	1848
notice of intent to settle with the administrator of workers'	1849
compensation, and the notice shall be served on the opposing party	1850
and the party's representative. The filing of the notice of intent	1851
to settle extends the time to file an appeal to one hundred fifty	1852
days, unless the opposing party files an objection to the notice	1853
of intent to settle within fourteen days after the date of the	1854
receipt of the notice of intent to settle. The party shall file	1855
the objection with the administrator, and the objection shall be	1856

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serve	<u>ed or</u>	<u>the</u>	part	y tl	<u>nat f</u>	<u>iled</u>	the	noti	.ce	of	<u>intent</u>	to	sett.	Le an	<u>ıd</u>
the r	party	⁄'s r∈	pres	enta	<u>ative</u>	. The	<u>e</u> fil	Ling	of	the	notic	e of	the	appe	al
with	the	court	is	the	only	act	requ	uired	l to	pe	rfect	the	appea	al.	

If an action has been commenced in a court of a county other than a court of a county having jurisdiction over the action, the court, upon notice by any party or upon its own motion, shall transfer the action to a court of a county having jurisdiction.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, if 1864 the commission determines under section 4123.522 of the Revised 1865 Code that an employee, employer, or their respective 1866 representatives have not received written notice of an order or 1867 decision which is appealable to a court under this section and 1868 which grants relief pursuant to section 4123.522 of the Revised 1869 Code, the party granted the relief has sixty days from receipt of 1870 the order under section 4123.522 of the Revised Code to file a 1871 notice of appeal under this section. 1872

(B) The notice of appeal shall state the names of the 1873 administrator of workers' compensation, the claimant, and the 1874 employer; the number of the claim; the date of the order appealed 1875 from; and the fact that the appellant appeals therefrom. 1876

The administrator, the claimant, and the employer shall be 1877 parties to the appeal and the court, upon the application of the 1878 commission, shall make the commission a party. The party filing 1879 the appeal shall serve a copy of the notice of appeal on the 1880 administrator at the central office of the bureau of workers' 1881 compensation in Columbus. The administrator shall notify the 1882 employer that if the employer fails to become an active party to 1883 the appeal, then the administrator may act on behalf of the 1884 employer and the results of the appeal could have an adverse 1885 effect upon the employer's premium rates or may result in a 1886 recovery from the employer if the employer is determined to be a 1887 noncomplying employer under section 4123.75 of the Revised Code. 1888

(C) The attorney general or one or more of the attorney	1889
general's assistants or special counsel designated by the attorney	1890
general shall represent the administrator and the commission. In	1891
the event the attorney general or the attorney general's	1892
designated assistants or special counsel are absent, the	1893
administrator or the commission shall select one or more of the	1894
attorneys in the employ of the administrator or the commission as	1895
the administrator's attorney or the commission's attorney in the	1896
appeal. Any attorney so employed shall continue the representation	1897
during the entire period of the appeal and in all hearings thereof	1898
except where the continued representation becomes impractical.	1899

(D) Upon receipt of notice of appeal, the clerk of courts 1900 shall provide notice to all parties who are appellees and to the 1901 commission.

The claimant shall, within thirty days after the filing of 1903 the notice of appeal, file a petition containing a statement of 1904 facts in ordinary and concise language showing a cause of action 1905 to participate or to continue to participate in the fund and 1906 setting forth the basis for the jurisdiction of the court over the 1907 action. Further pleadings shall be had in accordance with the 1908 Rules of Civil Procedure, provided that service of summons on such 1909 petition shall not be required and provided that the claimant may 1910 not dismiss the complaint without the employer's consent if the 1911 employer is the party that filed the notice of appeal to court 1912 pursuant to this section. The clerk of the court shall, upon 1913 receipt thereof, transmit by certified mail a copy thereof to each 1914 party named in the notice of appeal other than the claimant. Any 1915 1916 party may file with the clerk prior to the trial of the action a deposition of any physician taken in accordance with the 1917 provisions of the Revised Code, which deposition may be read in 1918 the trial of the action even though the physician is a resident of 1919 or subject to service in the county in which the trial is had. The 1920

bureau of workers' compensation shall pay the cost of the 1921 stenographic deposition filed in court and of copies of the 1922 stenographic deposition for each party from the surplus fund and 1923 charge the costs thereof against the unsuccessful party if the 1924 claimant's right to participate or continue to participate is 1925 finally sustained or established in the appeal. In the event the 1926 deposition is taken and filed, the physician whose deposition is 1927 taken is not required to respond to any subpoena issued in the 1928 trial of the action. The court, or the jury under the instructions 1929 of the court, if a jury is demanded, shall determine the right of 1930 the claimant to participate or to continue to participate in the 1931 fund upon the evidence adduced at the hearing of the action. 1932

- (E) The court shall certify its decision to the commission 1933 and the certificate shall be entered in the records of the court. 1934 Appeals from the judgment are governed by the law applicable to 1935 the appeal of civil actions. 1936
- (F) The cost of any legal proceedings authorized by this 1937 section, including an attorney's fee to the claimant's attorney to 1938 be fixed by the trial judge, based upon the effort expended, in 1939 the event the claimant's right to participate or to continue to 1940 participate in the fund is established upon the final 1941 determination of an appeal, shall be taxed against the employer or 1942 the commission if the commission or the administrator rather than 1943 the employer contested the right of the claimant to participate in 1944 the fund. The attorney's fee shall not exceed forty-two hundred 1945 <u>five thousand</u> dollars. 1946
- (G) If the finding of the court or the verdict of the jury is 1947 in favor of the claimant's right to participate in the fund, the 1948 commission and the administrator shall thereafter proceed in the 1949 matter of the claim as if the judgment were the decision of the 1950 commission, subject to the power of modification provided by 1951 section 4123.52 of the Revised Code.

the following apply:

1983

1984

$(\mathrm{H})(1)$ An appeal from an order issued under division $(\mathrm{E})$ of	1953
section 4123.511 of the Revised Code or any action filed in court	1954
in a case in which an award of compensation or medical benefits	1955
has been made shall not stay the payment of compensation or	1956
medical benefits under the award, or payment for subsequent	1957
periods of total disability or medical benefits during the	1958
pendency of the appeal. If, in a final administrative or judicial	1959
action, it is determined that payments of compensation or	1960
benefits, or both, made to or on behalf of a claimant should not	1961
have been made, the amount thereof shall be charged to the surplus	1962
fund account under division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised	1963
Code. In the event the employer is a state risk, the amount shall	1964
not be charged to the employer's experience, and the administrator	1965
shall adjust the employer's account accordingly. In the event the	1966
employer is a self-insuring employer, the self-insuring employer	1967
shall deduct the amount from the paid compensation the	1968
self-insuring employer reports to the administrator under division	1969
(L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised Code. If an employer is a	1970
state risk and has paid an assessment for a violation of a	1971
specific safety requirement, and, in a final administrative or	1972
judicial action, it is determined that the employer did not	1973
violate the specific safety requirement, the administrator shall	1974
reimburse the employer from the surplus fund account under	1975
division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised Code for the amount	1976
of the assessment the employer paid for the violation.	1977
(2)(a) Notwithstanding a final determination that payments of	1978
benefits made to or on behalf of a claimant should not have been	1979
made, the administrator or self-insuring employer shall award	1980
payment of medical or vocational rehabilitation services submitted	1981
for payment after the date of the final determination if all of	1982

(i) The services were approved and were rendered by the

provider in good faith prior to the date of the final	1985
determination.	1986
(ii) The services were payable under division (I) of section	1987
4123.511 of the Revised Code prior to the date of the final	1988
determination.	1989
(iii) The request for payment is submitted within the time	1990
limit set forth in section 4123.52 of the Revised Code.	1991
(b) Payments made under division (H)(1) of this section shall	1992
be charged to the surplus fund account under division (B) of	1993
section 4123.34 of the Revised Code. If the employer of the	1994
employee who is the subject of a claim described in division	1995
(H)(2)(a) of this section is a state fund employer, the payments	1996
made under that division shall not be charged to the employer's	1997
experience. If that employer is a self-insuring employer, the	1998
self-insuring employer shall deduct the amount from the paid	1999
compensation the self-insuring employer reports to the	2000
administrator under division (L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised	2001
Code.	2002
(c) Division $(H)(2)$ of this section shall apply only to a	2003
claim under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the	2004
Revised Code arising on or after July 29, 2011.	2005
(3) A self-insuring employer may elect to pay compensation	2006
and benefits under this section directly to an employee or an	2007
employee's dependents by filing an application with the bureau of	2008
workers' compensation not more than one hundred eighty days and	2009
not less than ninety days before the first day of the employer's	2010
next six-month coverage period. If the self-insuring employer	2011
timely files the application, the application is effective on the	2012
first day of the employer's next six-month coverage period,	2013
provided that the administrator shall compute the employer's	2014

assessment for the surplus fund account due with respect to the 2015

period during which that application was filed without regard to	2016
the filing of the application. On and after the effective date of	2017
the employer's election, the self-insuring employer shall pay	2018
directly to an employee or to an employee's dependents	2019
compensation and benefits under this section regardless of the	2020
date of the injury or occupational disease, and the employer shall	2021
receive no money or credits from the surplus fund account on	2022
account of those payments and shall not be required to pay any	2023
amounts into the surplus fund account on account of this section.	2024
The election made under this division is irrevocable.	2025

(I) All actions and proceedings under this section which are 2026 the subject of an appeal to the court of common pleas or the court 2027 of appeals shall be preferred over all other civil actions except 2028 election causes, irrespective of position on the calendar. 2029

This section applies to all decisions of the commission or 2030 the administrator on November 2, 1959, and all claims filed 2031 thereafter are governed by sections 4123.511 and 4123.512 of the 2032 Revised Code. 2033

Any action pending in common pleas court or any other court 2034 on January 1, 1986, under this section is governed by former 2035 sections 4123.514, 4123.515, 4123.516, and 4123.519 and section 2036 4123.522 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4123.513. (A) Except as otherwise provided in divisions 2038 (B) and (C) of this section, if a claim is denied because the 2039 claimant is, or if the claimant is a dependent of an individual 2040 who died as a result of suffering an injury or contracting an 2041 occupational disease, that individual was an unauthorized alien, 2042 the claimant's employer or the individual's employer is not liable 2043 to that claimant for damages suffered by reason of personal injury 2044 sustained or occupational disease contracted in the course of 2045 employment caused by the wrongful act or omission or neglect of 2046

the employer. For such a claimant, filing a claim under Chapter	2047
4121., 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code is the exclusive	2048
remedy against the employer on account of injury, disease, or	2049
death in the course of and arising out of the claimant's or	2050
deceased employee's employment. Notwithstanding section 4123.77 of	2051
the Revised Code and except as provided in division (B) of this	2052
section, an irrebuttable presumption exists that the individual	2053
assumed the risk of incurring an injury or contracting an	2054
occupational disease at the workplace, or dying as a result of	2055
such an injury or occupational disease, when performing services	2056
or providing labor for that employer.	2057
(B) An employer is liable to a claimant whose claim is denied	2058
because the claimant is or the deceased individual who is the	2059
subject of the claim was an unauthorized alien for damages	2060
suffered by reason of personal injury sustained or occupational	2061
disease contracted in the course of employment caused by the	2062
wrongful act or omission or neglect of the employer if the	2063
claimant establishes, by clear and convincing evidence, that the	2064
employer hired the claimant or the deceased individual knowing	2065
that the claimant or deceased individual was not authorized to	2066
work under section 101(a) of the "Immigration Reform and Control	2067
Act of 1986, " 100 Stat. 3360, 8 U.S.C. 1324a. There is a	2068
rebuttable presumption that an employer did not hire a person	2069
knowing the person was an illegal alien or unauthorized alien if	2070
the employer has complied with the requirements of section 101(a)	2071
of the "Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986," 100 Stat.	2072
3360, 8 U.S.C. 1324a. An employer may not assert any of the common	2073
law defenses listed in section 4123.77 of the Revised Code in an	2074
action brought against the employer pursuant to this section.	2075
(C) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent a	2076
claimant whose claim is denied because the claimant is or the	2077
deceased individual who is the subject of the claim was an	2078

unauthorized alien from bringing a claim against an employer in a	2079
court of competent jurisdiction for an intentional tort allegedly	2080
committed by the employer against the claimant or deceased	2081
individual who was the subject of the claim.	2082

Sec. 4123.53. (A) The administrator of workers' compensation 2083 or the industrial commission may require any employee claiming the 2084 right to receive compensation to submit to a medical examination, 2085 vocational evaluation, or vocational questionnaire at any time, 2086 and from time to time, at a place reasonably convenient for the 2087 employee, and as provided by the rules of the commission or the 2088 administrator of workers' compensation. A claimant required by the 2089 commission or administrator to submit to a medical examination or 2090 vocational evaluation, at a point outside of the place of 2091 permanent or temporary residence of the claimant, as provided in 2092 this section, is entitled to have paid to the claimant by the 2093 bureau of workers' compensation the necessary and actual expenses 2094 on account of the attendance for the medical examination or 2095 vocational evaluation after approval of the expense statement by 2096 the bureau. Under extraordinary circumstances and with the 2097 unanimous approval of the commission, if the commission requires 2098 the medical examination or vocational evaluation, or with the 2099 approval of the administrator, if the administrator requires the 2100 medical examination or vocational evaluation, the bureau shall pay 2101 an injured or diseased employee the necessary, actual, and 2102 authorized expenses of treatment at a point outside the place of 2103 permanent or temporary residence of the claimant. 2104

(B) When (1) Except as provided in divisions (B)(2) and (3)

of this section, when an employee initially receives temporary

total disability compensation pursuant to section 4123.56 of the

Revised Code for a consecutive ninety-day period, the

administrator shall refer the employee to the bureau medical

section for to schedule a medical examination to determine the

employee's continued entitlement to such compensation, the	2111
employee's rehabilitation potential, and the appropriateness of	2112
the medical treatment the employee is receiving. The bureau	2113
medical section shall <del>conduct</del> <u>schedule</u> the examination <u>for a date</u>	2114
not later than thirty days following the end of the initial	2115
ninety-day period. If the medical examiner, upon an initial or any	2116
subsequent examination recommended by the medical examiner under	2117
this division, determines that the employee is temporarily and	2118
totally impaired, the medical examiner shall recommend a date when	2119
the employee should be reexamined. Upon the issuance of the	2120
medical examination report containing a recommendation for	2121
reexamination, the administrator shall schedule an examination	2122
and, if at the date of reexamination the employee is receiving	2123
temporary total disability compensation, the employee shall be	2124
examined. The	2125
(2) The administrator, for good cause, may waive the	2126
scheduling of a medical examination under division (B)(1) of this	2127
section. If the employee's employer objects to the administrator's	2128
waiver, the administrator shall refer the employee to the bureau	2129
medical section to schedule the examination or the administrator	2130
shall schedule the examination.	2131
(3) The administrator shall adopt a rule, pursuant to Chapter	2132
	2132
119. of the Revised Code, permitting employers to waive the	2133
administrator's scheduling of any such examinations.	2134
(C) If an employee refuses to submit to any medical	2135
examination or vocational evaluation scheduled pursuant to this	2136
section or obstructs the same, or refuses to complete and submit	2137
to the bureau or commission a vocational questionnaire within	2138
thirty days after the bureau or commission mails the request to	2139
complete and submit the questionnaire the employee's right to have	2140
his or her the employee's claim for compensation considered, if	2141

the claim is pending before the bureau or commission, or to

receive any payment for compensation theretofore granted, is	2143
suspended during the period of the refusal or obstruction.	2144
Notwithstanding this section, an employee's failure to submit to a	2145
medical examination or vocational evaluation, or to complete and	2146
submit a vocational questionnaire, shall not result in the	2147
dismissal of the employee's claim.	2148
(D) Medical examinations scheduled under this section do not	2149
limit medical examinations provided for in other provisions of	2150
this chapter or Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code.	2151
Sec. 4123.54. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this	2152
division or divisions (I) and (K) of this section, every employee,	2153
who is injured or who contracts an occupational disease, and the	2154
dependents of each employee who is killed, or dies as the result	2155
of an occupational disease contracted in the course of employment,	2156
wherever the injury has occurred or occupational disease has been	2157
contracted, is entitled to receive the compensation for loss	2158
sustained on account of the injury, occupational disease, or	2159
death, and the medical, nurse, and hospital services and	2160
medicines, and the amount of funeral expenses in case of death, as	2161
are provided by this chapter. The compensation and benefits shall	2162
be provided, as applicable, directly from the employee's	2163
self-insuring employer as provided in section 4123.35 of the	2164
Revised Code or from the state insurance fund. An employee or	2165
dependent is not entitled to receive compensation or benefits	2166
under this division if the employee's injury or occupational	2167
disease is either of the following:	2168
(1) Purposely self-inflicted;	2169
(2) Caused by the employee being intoxicated, under the	2170
influence of a controlled substance not prescribed by a physician,	2171

or under the influence of marihuana if being intoxicated, under

the influence of a controlled substance not prescribed by a

2172

<del>of urine;</del>

physician, or under the influence of marihuana was the proximate	2174
cause of the injury.	2175
(B) For the purpose of this section, provided that an	2176
employer has posted written notice to employees that the results	2177
of, or the employee's refusal to submit to, any chemical test	2178
described under this division may affect the employee's	2179
eligibility for compensation and benefits pursuant to this chapter	2180
and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code, there is a rebuttable	2181
presumption that an employee is intoxicated, under the influence	2182
of a controlled substance not prescribed by the employee's	2183
physician, or under the influence of marihuana and that being	2184
intoxicated, under the influence of a controlled substance not	2185
prescribed by the employee's physician, or under the influence of	2186
marihuana is the proximate cause of an injury under either of the	2187
following conditions:	2188
(1) When <del>any one or more</del> <u>either</u> of the following is true:	2189
(a) The employee, through a qualifying chemical test	2190
administered within eight hours of an injury, is determined to	2191
have an alcohol concentration level equal to or in excess of the	2192
levels established in divisions (A)(1)(b) to (i) of section	2193
4511.19 of the Revised Code÷.	2194
(b) The employee, through a qualifying chemical test	2195
administered within thirty-two hours of an injury, is determined	2196
to have <del>one of the following</del> <u>a</u> controlled <del>substances</del> <u>substance</u> not	2197
prescribed by the employee's physician or marihuana in the	2198
employee's system that tests above the following levels in an	2199
enzyme multiplied immunoassay technique screening test and above	2200
the levels established in division (B)(1)(c) of this section in a	2201
gas chromatography mass spectrometry test:	2202
(i) For amphetamines, one thousand nanograms per milliliter	2203

(c) The employee, through a qualifying chemical test

administered within thirty-two hours of an injury, is determined

2233

to have barbiturates, benzodiazepines, <u>or</u> methadone <del>, or</del>	2235
propoxyphene in the employee's system that tests above levels	2236
established by laboratories certified by the United States	2237
department of health and human services.	2238
(2) When the employee refuses to submit to a requested	2239
chemical test, on the condition that that employee is or was given	2240
notice that the refusal to submit to any chemical test described	2241
in division (B)(1) of this section may affect the employee's	2242
eligibility for compensation and benefits under this chapter and	2243
Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code.	2244
(C)(1) For purposes of division (B) of this section, a	2245
chemical test is a qualifying chemical test if it is administered	2246
to an employee after an injury under at least one of the following	2247
conditions:	2248
(a) When the employee's employer had reasonable cause to	2249
suspect that the employee may be intoxicated, under the influence	2250
of a controlled substance not prescribed by the employee's	2251
physician, or under the influence of marihuana;	2252
(b) At the request of a police officer pursuant to section	2253
4511.191 of the Revised Code, and not at the request of the	2254
employee's employer;	2255
(c) At the request of a licensed physician who is not	2256
employed by the employee's employer, and not at the request of the	2257
employee's employer.	2258
(2) As used in division (C)(1)(a) of this section,	2259
"reasonable cause" means, but is not limited to, evidence that an	2260
employee is or was using alcohol, a controlled substance, or	2261
marihuana drawn from specific, objective facts and reasonable	2262
inferences drawn from these facts in light of experience and	2263
training. These facts and inferences may be based on, but are not	2264
limited to, any of the following:	2265

(a) Observable phenomena, such as direct observation of use,	2266
possession, or distribution of alcohol, a controlled substance, or	2267
marihuana, or of the physical symptoms of being under the	2268
influence of alcohol, a controlled substance, or marihuana, such	2269
as but not limited to slurred speech; dilated pupils; odor of	2270
alcohol, a controlled substance, or marihuana; changes in affect;	2271
or dynamic mood swings;	2272
(b) A pattern of abnormal conduct, erratic or aberrant	2273
behavior, or deteriorating work performance such as frequent	2274
absenteeism, excessive tardiness, or recurrent accidents, that	2275
appears to be related to the use of alcohol, a controlled	2276
substance, or marihuana, and does not appear to be attributable to	2277
other factors;	2278
(c) The identification of an employee as the focus of a	2279
criminal investigation into unauthorized possession, use, or	2280
trafficking of a controlled substance or marihuana;	2281
(d) A report of use of alcohol, a controlled substance, or	2282
marihuana provided by a reliable and credible source;	2283
(e) Repeated or flagrant violations of the safety or work	2284
rules of the employee's employer, that are determined by the	2285
employee's supervisor to pose a substantial risk of physical	2286
injury or property damage and that appear to be related to the use	2287
of alcohol, a controlled substance, or marihuana and that do not	2288
appear attributable to other factors.	2289
(D) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the	2290
rights of an employer to test employees for alcohol or controlled	2291
substance abuse.	2292
(E) For the purpose of this section, laboratories certified	2293
by the United States department of health and human services or	2294
laboratories that meet or exceed the standards of that department	2295

for laboratory certification shall be used for processing the test

results of a qualifying chemical test.

(F) The written notice required by division (B) of this 2298 section shall be the same size or larger than the proof of 2299 workers' compensation coverage furnished by the bureau of workers' 2300 compensation and shall be posted by the employer in the same 2301 location as the proof of workers' compensation coverage or the 2302 certificate of self-insurance.

- (G) If a condition that pre-existed an injury is

  substantially aggravated by the injury, and that substantial

  2305
  aggravation is documented by objective diagnostic findings,
  objective clinical findings, or objective test results, no

  2307
  compensation or benefits are payable because of the pre-existing
  condition once that condition has returned to a level that would
  have existed without the injury.

  2308
- (H)(1) Whenever, with respect to an employee of an employer 2311 who is subject to and has complied with this chapter, there is 2312 possibility of conflict with respect to the application of 2313 workers' compensation laws because the contract of employment is 2314 entered into and all or some portion of the work is or is to be 2315 performed in a state or states other than Ohio, the employer and 2316 the employee may agree to be bound by the laws of this state or by 2317 the laws of some other state in which all or some portion of the 2318 work of the employee is to be performed. The agreement shall be in 2319 writing and shall be filed with the bureau of workers' 2320 compensation within ten days after it is executed and shall remain 2321 in force until terminated or modified by agreement of the parties 2322 similarly filed. If the agreement is to be bound by the laws of 2323 this state and the employer has complied with this chapter, then 2324 the employee is entitled to compensation and benefits regardless 2325 of where the injury occurs or the disease is contracted and the 2326 rights of the employee and the employee's dependents under the 2327 laws of this state are the exclusive remedy against the employer 2328

on account of injury, disease, or death in the course of and	2329
arising out of the employee's employment. If the agreement is to	2330
be bound by the laws of another state and the employer has	2331
complied with the laws of that state, the rights of the employee	2332
and the employee's dependents under the laws of that state are the	2333
exclusive remedy against the employer on account of injury,	2334
disease, or death in the course of and arising out of the	2335
employee's employment without regard to the place where the injury	2336
was sustained or the disease contracted. If an employer and an	2337
employee enter into an agreement under this division, the fact	2338
that the employer and the employee entered into that agreement	2339
shall not be construed to change the status of an employee whose	2340
continued employment is subject to the will of the employer or the	2341
employee, unless the agreement contains a provision that expressly	2342
changes that status.	2343

- (2) If an employee or the employee's dependents receive an 2344 award of compensation or benefits under this chapter or Chapter 2345 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code for the same injury, 2346 occupational disease, or death for which the employee or the 2347 employee's dependents previously pursued or otherwise elected to 2348 accept workers' compensation benefits and received a decision on 2349 the merits as defined in section 4123.542 of the Revised Code 2350 under the laws of another state or recovered damages under the 2351 laws of another state, the claim shall be disallowed and the 2352 administrator or any self-insuring employer, by any lawful means, 2353 may collect from the employee or the employee's dependents any of 2354 the following: 2355
- (a) The amount of compensation or benefits paid to or on 2356 behalf of the employee or the employee's dependents by the 2357 administrator or a self-insuring employer pursuant to this chapter 2358 or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code for that 2359 award; 2360

(b) Any interest, attorney's fees, and costs the	2361
administrator or the self-insuring employer incurs in collecting	2362
that payment.	2363
(3) If an employee or the employee's dependents receive an	2364
award of compensation or benefits under this chapter or Chapter	2365
4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code and subsequently pursue	2366
or otherwise elect to accept workers' compensation benefits or	2367
damages under the laws of another state for the same injury,	2368
occupational disease, or death the claim under this chapter or	2369
Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code shall be	2370
disallowed. The administrator or a self-insuring employer, by any	2371
lawful means, may collect from the employee or the employee's	2372
dependents or other-states' insurer any of the following:	2373
(a) The amount of compensation or benefits paid to or on	2374
behalf of the employee or the employee's dependents by the	2375
administrator or the self-insuring employer pursuant to this	2376
chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code for	2377
that award;	2378
(b) Any interest, costs, and attorney's fees the	2379
administrator or the self-insuring employer incurs in collecting	2380
that payment;	2381
(c) Any costs incurred by an employer in contesting or	2382
responding to any claim filed by the employee or the employee's	2383
dependents for the same injury, occupational disease, or death	2384
that was filed after the original claim for which the employee or	2385
the employee's dependents received a decision on the merits as	2386
described in section 4123.542 of the Revised Code.	2387
(4) If the employee's employer pays premiums into the state	2388
insurance fund, the administrator shall not charge the amount of	2389
compensation or benefits the administrator collects pursuant to	2390

division (H)(2) or (3) of this section to the employer's 2391

experience. If the administrator collects any costs incurred by an 2392 employer in contesting or responding to any claim pursuant to 2393 division (H)(2) or (3) of this section, the administrator shall 2394 forward the amount collected to that employer. If the employee's 2395 employer is a self-insuring employer, the self-insuring employer 2396 shall deduct the amount of compensation or benefits the 2397 self-insuring employer collects pursuant to this division from the 2398 paid compensation the self-insuring employer reports to the 2399 administrator under division (L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised 2400 Code. 2401

- (5) If an employee is a resident of a state other than this 2402 state and is insured under the workers' compensation law or 2403 similar laws of a state other than this state, the employee and 2404 the employee's dependents are not entitled to receive compensation 2405 or benefits under this chapter, on account of injury, disease, or 2406 death arising out of or in the course of employment while 2407 temporarily within this state, and the rights of the employee and 2408 the employee's dependents under the laws of the other state are 2409 the exclusive remedy against the employer on account of the 2410 injury, disease, or death. 2411
- (6) An employee, or the dependent of an employee, who elects 2412 to receive compensation and benefits under this chapter or Chapter 2413 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code for a claim may not 2414 receive compensation and benefits under the workers' compensation 2415 laws of any state other than this state for that same claim. For 2416 each claim submitted by or on behalf of an employee, the 2417 administrator or, if the employee is employed by a self-insuring 2418 employer, the self-insuring employer, shall request the employee 2419 or the employee's dependent to sign an election that affirms the 2420 employee's or employee's dependent's acceptance of electing to 2421 receive compensation and benefits under this chapter or Chapter 2422 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code for that claim that 2423

also affirmatively waives and releases the employee's or the	2424
employee's dependent's right to file for and receive compensation	2425
and benefits under the laws of any state other than this state for	2426
that claim. The employee or employee's dependent shall sign the	2427
election form within twenty-eight days after the administrator or	2428
self-insuring employer submits the request or the administrator or	2429
self-insuring employer shall dismiss that claim.	2430

In the event a workers' compensation claim has been filed in 2431 another jurisdiction on behalf of an employee or the dependents of 2432 an employee, and the employee or dependents subsequently elect to 2433 receive compensation, benefits, or both under this chapter or 2434 Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code, the employee 2435 or dependent shall withdraw or refuse acceptance of the workers' 2436 compensation claim filed in the other jurisdiction in order to 2437 pursue compensation or benefits under the laws of this state. If 2438 the employee or dependents were awarded workers' compensation 2439 benefits or had recovered damages under the laws of the other 2440 state, any compensation and benefits awarded under this chapter or 2441 Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code shall be paid 2442 only to the extent to which those payments exceed the amounts paid 2443 under the laws of the other state. If the employee or dependent 2444 fails to withdraw or to refuse acceptance of the workers' 2445 compensation claim in the other jurisdiction within twenty-eight 2446 days after a request made by the administrator or a self-insuring 2447 employer, the administrator or self-insuring employer shall 2448 dismiss the employee's or employee's dependents' claim made in 2449 this state. 2450

(I) If an employee who is covered under the federal 2451
"Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act," 98 Stat. 1639, 2452
33 U.S.C. 901 et seq., is injured or contracts an occupational 2453
disease or dies as a result of an injury or occupational disease, 2454
and if that employee's or that employee's dependents' claim for 2455

compensation or benefits for that injury, occupational disease, or	2456
death is subject to the jurisdiction of that act, the employee or	2457
the employee's dependents are not entitled to apply for and shall	2458
not receive compensation or benefits under this chapter and	2459
Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code. The rights of such an employee	2460
and the employee's dependents under the federal "Longshore and	2461
Harbor Workers' Compensation Act," 98 Stat. 1639, 33 U.S.C. 901 et	2462
seq., are the exclusive remedy against the employer for that	2463
injury, occupational disease, or death.	2464

- (J) Compensation or benefits are not payable to a claimant or 2465

  a dependent during the period of confinement of the claimant or 2466

  dependent in any state or federal correctional institution, or in 2467

  any county jail in lieu of incarceration in a state or federal 2468

  correctional institution, whether in this or any other state for 2469

  conviction of violation of any state or federal criminal law. 2470
- (K) An employer, upon the approval of the administrator, may 2471 provide for workers' compensation coverage for the employer's 2472 employees who are professional athletes and coaches by submitting 2473 to the administrator proof of coverage under a league policy 2474 issued under the laws of another state under either of the 2475 following circumstances: 2476
- (1) The employer administers the payroll and workers'

  compensation insurance for a professional sports team subject to a

  collective bargaining agreement, and the collective bargaining

  agreement provides for the uniform administration of workers'

  compensation benefits and compensation for professional athletes.

  2477
- (2) The employer is a professional sports league, or is a 2482 member team of a professional sports league, and all of the 2483 following apply:
- (a) The professional sports league operates as a single 2485 entity, whereby all of the players and coaches of the sports 2486

league	are	employe	ees	of	the	sports	league	and	not	of	the	2487
individ	dual	member	tea	ams.								2488

- (b) The professional sports league at all times maintains 2489 workers' compensation insurance that provides coverage for the 2490 players and coaches of the sports league. 2491
- (c) Each individual member team of the professional sports 2492 league, pursuant to the organizational or operating documents of 2493 the sports league, is obligated to the sports league to pay to the 2494 sports league any workers' compensation claims that are not 2495 covered by the workers' compensation insurance maintained by the 2496 sports league.

If the administrator approves the employer's proof of 2498 coverage submitted under division (K) of this section, a 2499 professional athlete or coach who is an employee of the employer 2500 and the dependents of the professional athlete or coach are not 2501 entitled to apply for and shall not receive compensation or 2502 benefits under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code. 2503 The rights of such an athlete or coach and the dependents of such 2504 an athlete or coach under the laws of the state where the policy 2505 was issued are the exclusive remedy against the employer for the 2506 athlete or coach if the athlete or coach suffers an injury or 2507 contracts an occupational disease in the course of employment, or 2508 for the dependents of the athlete or the coach if the athlete or 2509 coach is killed as a result of an injury or dies as a result of an 2510 occupational disease, regardless of the location where the injury 2511 was suffered or the occupational disease was contracted. 2512

Sec. 4123.56. (A) Except as provided in division (D) of this 2513 section, in the case of temporary disability, an employee shall 2514 receive sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the employee's 2515 average weekly wage so long as such disability is total, not to 2516 exceed a maximum amount of weekly compensation which is equal to 2517

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the statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of	2518
section 4123.62 of the Revised Code, and not less than a minimum	2519
amount of compensation which is equal to thirty-three and	2520
one-third per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as defined	2521
in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code unless the	2522
employee's wage is less than thirty-three and one-third per cent	2523
of the minimum statewide average weekly wage, in which event the	2524
employee shall receive compensation equal to the employee's full	2525
wages; provided that for the first twelve weeks of total	2526
disability the employee shall receive seventy-two per cent of the	2527
employee's full weekly wage, but not to exceed a maximum amount of	2528
weekly compensation which is equal to the lesser of the statewide	2529
average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62	2530
of the Revised Code or one hundred per cent of the employee's net	2531
take-home weekly wage. In the case of a self-insuring employer,	2532
payments shall be for a duration based upon the medical reports of	2533
the attending physician. If the employer disputes the attending	2534
physician's report, payments may be terminated only upon	2535
application and hearing by a district hearing officer pursuant to	2536
division (C) of section 4123.511 of the Revised Code. Payments	2537
shall continue pending the determination of the matter, however	2538
payment shall not be made for the period when any employee has	2539
returned to work, when an employee's treating physician has made a	2540
written statement that the employee is capable of returning to the	2541
employee's former position of employment, when work within the	2542
physical capabilities of the employee is made available by the	2543
employer or another employer, or when the employee has reached the	2544
maximum medical improvement. Where the employee is capable of work	2545
activity, but the employee's employer is unable to offer the	2546
employee any employment, the employee shall register with the	2547
director of job and family services, who shall assist the employee	2548
in finding suitable employment. The termination of temporary total	2549
disability, whether by order or otherwise, does not preclude the	2550

commencement of temporary total disability at another point in 2551 time if the employee again becomes temporarily totally disabled. 2552

After two hundred weeks of temporary total disability 2553 benefits, the medical section of the bureau of workers' 2554 compensation shall schedule the claimant for an examination for an 2555 evaluation to determine whether or not the temporary disability 2556 has become permanent. A self-insuring employer shall notify the 2557 bureau immediately after payment of two hundred weeks of temporary 2558 total disability and request that the bureau schedule the claimant 2559 for such an examination. 2560

When the employee is awarded compensation for temporary total 2561 disability for a period for which the employee has received 2562 benefits under Chapter 4141. of the Revised Code, the bureau shall 2563 pay an amount equal to the amount received from the award to the 2564 director of job and family services and the director shall credit 2565 the amount to the accounts of the employers to whose accounts the 2566 payment of benefits was charged or is chargeable to the extent it 2567 was charged or is chargeable. 2568

If any compensation under this section has been paid for the 2569 same period or periods for which temporary nonoccupational 2570 accident and sickness insurance is or has been paid pursuant to an 2571 insurance policy or program to which the employer has made the 2572 entire contribution or payment for providing insurance or under a 2573 nonoccupational accident and sickness program fully funded by the 2574 employer, except as otherwise provided in this division 2575 compensation paid under this section for the period or periods 2576 shall be paid only to the extent by which the payment or payments 2577 exceeds the amount of the nonoccupational insurance or program 2578 paid or payable. Offset of the compensation shall be made only 2579 upon the prior order of the bureau or industrial commission or 2580 agreement of the claimant. If an employer provides supplemental 2581 sick leave benefits in addition to temporary total disability 2582

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compensation paid under this section, and if the employer and an employee agree in writing to the payment of the supplemental sick leave benefits, temporary total disability benefits may be paid without an offset for those supplemental sick leave benefits.

As used in this division, "net take-home weekly wage" means 2587 the amount obtained by dividing an employee's total remuneration, 2588 as defined in section 4141.01 of the Revised Code, paid to or 2589 earned by the employee during the first four of the last five 2590 completed calendar quarters which immediately precede the first 2591 day of the employee's entitlement to benefits under this division, 2592 by the number of weeks during which the employee was paid or 2593 earned remuneration during those four quarters, less the amount of 2594 local, state, and federal income taxes deducted for each such 2595 week. 2596

- (B)(1) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 2597 suffers a wage loss as a result of returning to employment other 2598 than the employee's former position of employment due to an injury 2599 or occupational disease, the employee shall receive compensation 2600 at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the difference between the 2601 employee's average weekly wage and the employee's present earnings 2602 not to exceed the statewide average weekly wage. The payments may 2603 continue for up to a maximum of two hundred weeks, but the 2604 payments shall be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in 2605 which the employee receives payments pursuant to division (A)(2) 2606 of section 4121.67 of the Revised Code. 2607
- (2) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 2608 suffers a wage loss as a result of being unable to find employment 2609 consistent with the employee's disability resulting from the 2610 employee's injury or occupational disease, the employee shall 2611 receive compensation at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 2612 difference between the employee's average weekly wage and the 2613 employee's present earnings, not to exceed the statewide average 2614

weekly wage. The payments may continue for up to a maximum of	2615
fifty-two weeks. The first twenty-six weeks of payments under	2616
division (B)(2) of this section shall be in addition to the	2617
maximum of two hundred weeks of payments allowed under division	2618
(B)(1) of this section. If an employee in a claim allowed under	2619
this chapter receives compensation under division (B)(2) of this	2620
section in excess of twenty-six weeks, the number of weeks of	2621
compensation allowable under division (B)(1) of this section shall	2622
be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in excess of	2623
twenty-six, and up to fifty-two, that is allowable under division	2624
(B)(1) of this section.	2625

- (3) The number of weeks of wage loss payable to an employee 2626 under divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section shall not exceed 2627 two hundred and twenty-six weeks in the aggregate. 2628
- (C) In the event an employee of a professional sports 2629 franchise domiciled in this state is disabled as the result of an 2630 injury or occupational disease, the total amount of payments made 2631 under a contract of hire or collective bargaining agreement to the 2632 employee during a period of disability is deemed an advanced 2633 payment of compensation payable under sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 2634 of the Revised Code. The employer shall be reimbursed the total 2635 amount of the advanced payments out of any award of compensation 2636 made pursuant to sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 of the Revised Code. 2637
- (D) If an employee receives temporary total disability 2638 benefits pursuant to division (A) of this section and social 2639 security retirement benefits pursuant to the "Social Security 2640 Act," the weekly benefit amount under division (A) of this section 2641 shall not exceed sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 2642 statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of 2643 section 4123.62 of the Revised Code.
- (E) If an employee is eligible for compensation under 2645 division (A) of this section, but the employee's full weekly wage 2646

has not been determined at the time payments are to commence under	2647
division (H) of section 4123.511 of the Revised Code, the employee	2648
shall receive thirty-three and one-third per cent of the statewide	2649
average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62	2650
of the Revised Code. On determination of the employee's full	2651
weekly wage, the compensation an employee receives shall be	2652
adjusted pursuant to division (A) of this section.	2653
If the amount of compensation an employee receives under this	2654
division is greater than the adjusted amount the employee receives	2655
under division (A) of this section that is based on the employee's	2656
full weekly wage, the excess amount shall be recovered in the	2657
manner provided in division (K) of section 4123.511 of the Revised	2658
Code. If the amount of compensation an employee receives under	2659
this division is less than the adjusted amount the employee	2660
receives under that division that is based on the employee's full	2661
weekly wage, the employee shall receive the difference between	2662
those two amounts.	2663
	0.5.1
Sec. 4123.57. Partial disability compensation shall be paid	2664
as follows.	2665
Except as provided in this section, not earlier than	2666
twenty-six weeks after the date of termination of the latest	2667
period of payments under section 4123.56 of the Revised Code, or	2668
not earlier than twenty-six weeks after the date of the injury or	2669
contraction of an occupational disease in the absence of payments	2670
under section 4123.56 of the Revised Code, the employee may file	2671
an application with the bureau of workers' compensation for the	2672
determination of the percentage of the employee's permanent	2673
partial disability resulting from an injury or occupational	2674
disease.	2675
Whenever the application is filed, the bureau shall send a	2676

copy of the application to the employee's employer or the

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employer's representative and shall schedule the employee for a	2678
medical examination by the bureau medical section. The bureau	2679
shall send a copy of the report of the medical examination to the	2680
employee, the employer, and their representatives. Thereafter, the	2681
administrator of workers' compensation shall review the employee's	2682
claim file and make a tentative order as the evidence before the	2683
administrator at the time of the making of the order warrants. If	2684
the administrator determines that there is a conflict of evidence,	2685
the administrator shall send the application, along with the	2686
claimant's file, to the district hearing officer who shall set the	2687
application for a hearing.	2688

If an employee fails to respond to an attempt to schedule a 2689 medical examination by the bureau medical section, or fails to 2690 attend a medical examination scheduled under this section without 2691 notice or explanation, the employee's application for a finding 2692 shall be dismissed without prejudice. The employee may refile the 2693 application. A dismissed application does not toll the continuing 2694 jurisdiction of the industrial commission under section 4123.52 of 2695 the Revised Code. The administrator shall adopt rules addressing 2696 the manner in which an employee will be notified of a possible 2697 dismissal and how an employee may refile an application for a 2698 <u>determination</u>. 2699

The administrator shall notify the employee, the employer, 2700 and their representatives, in writing, of the tentative order and 2701 of the parties' right to request a hearing. Unless the employee, 2702 the employer, or their representative notifies the administrator, 2703 in writing, of an objection to the tentative order within twenty 2704 days after receipt of the notice thereof, the tentative order 2705 shall go into effect and the employee shall receive the 2706 compensation provided in the order. In no event shall there be a 2707 reconsideration of a tentative order issued under this division. 2708

If the employee, the employer, or their representatives

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timely notify the administrator of an objection to the tentative 2710 order, the matter shall be referred to a district hearing officer 2711 who shall set the application for hearing with written notices to 2712 all interested persons. Upon referral to a district hearing 2713 officer, the employer may obtain a medical examination of the 2714 employee, pursuant to rules of the industrial commission. 2715

(A) The district hearing officer, upon the application, shall 2716 determine the percentage of the employee's permanent disability, 2717 except as is subject to division (B) of this section, based upon 2718 that condition of the employee resulting from the injury or 2719 occupational disease and causing permanent impairment evidenced by 2720 medical or clinical findings reasonably demonstrable. The employee 2721 shall receive sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the employee's 2722 average weekly wage, but not more than a maximum of thirty-three 2723 and one-third per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as 2724 defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code, 2725 per week regardless of the average weekly wage, for the number of 2726 weeks which equals the percentage of two hundred weeks. Except on 2727 application for reconsideration, review, or modification, which is 2728 filed within ten days after the date of receipt of the decision of 2729 the district hearing officer, in no instance shall the former 2730 award be modified unless it is found from medical or clinical 2731 findings that the condition of the claimant resulting from the 2732 injury has so progressed as to have increased the percentage of 2733 permanent partial disability. A staff hearing officer shall hear 2734 an application for reconsideration filed and the staff hearing 2735 officer's decision is final. An employee may file an application 2736 for a subsequent determination of the percentage of the employee's 2737 permanent disability. If such an application is filed, the bureau 2738 shall send a copy of the application to the employer or the 2739 employer's representative. No sooner than sixty days from the date 2740 of the mailing of the application to the employer or the 2741 employer's representative, the administrator shall review the 2742

application. The administrator may require a medical examination	2743
or medical review of the employee. The administrator shall issue a	2744
tentative order based upon the evidence before the administrator,	2745
provided that if the administrator requires a medical examination	2746
or medical review, the administrator shall not issue the tentative	2747
order until the completion of the examination or review.	2748

The employer may obtain a medical examination of the employee 2749 and may submit medical evidence at any stage of the process up to 2750 a hearing before the district hearing officer, pursuant to rules 2751 of the commission. The administrator shall notify the employee, 2752 the employer, and their representatives, in writing, of the nature 2753 and amount of any tentative order issued on an application 2754 requesting a subsequent determination of the percentage of an 2755 employee's permanent disability. An employee, employer, or their 2756 representatives may object to the tentative order within twenty 2757 days after the receipt of the notice thereof. If no timely 2758 objection is made, the tentative order shall go into effect. In no 2759 event shall there be a reconsideration of a tentative order issued 2760 under this division. If an objection is timely made, the 2761 application for a subsequent determination shall be referred to a 2762 district hearing officer who shall set the application for a 2763 hearing with written notice to all interested persons. No 2764 application for subsequent percentage determinations on the same 2765 claim for injury or occupational disease shall be accepted for 2766 review by the district hearing officer unless supported by 2767 substantial evidence of new and changed circumstances developing 2768 since the time of the hearing on the original or last 2769 determination. 2770

No award shall be made under this division based upon a 2771 percentage of disability which, when taken with all other 2772 percentages of permanent disability, exceeds one hundred per cent. 2773 If the percentage of the permanent disability of the employee 2774

equals or exceeds ninety per cent, compensation for permanent	2775
partial disability shall be paid for two hundred weeks.	2776
Compensation payable under this division accrues and is	2777
payable to the employee from the date of last payment of	2778
compensation, or, in cases where no previous compensation has been	2779
paid, from the date of the injury or the date of the diagnosis of	2780
the occupational disease.	2781
When an award under this division has been made prior to the	2782
death of an employee, all unpaid installments accrued or to accrue	2783
under the provisions of the award are payable to the surviving	2784
spouse, or if there is no surviving spouse, to the dependent	2785
children of the employee, and if there are no children surviving,	2786
then to other dependents as the administrator determines.	2787
(B) For purposes of this division, "payable per week" means	2788
the seven-consecutive-day period in which compensation is paid in	2789
installments according to the schedule associated with the	2790
applicable injury as set forth in this division.	2791
Compensation paid in weekly installments according to the	2792
schedule described in this division may only be commuted to one or	2793
more lump sum payments pursuant to the procedure set forth in	2794
section 4123.64 of the Revised Code.	2795
In cases included in the following schedule the compensation	2796
payable per week to the employee is the statewide average weekly	2797
wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised	2798
Code per week and shall be paid in installments according to the	2799
following schedule:	2800
For the loss of a first finger, commonly known as a thumb,	2801
sixty weeks.	2802
For the loss of a second finger, commonly called index	2803

finger, thirty-five weeks.

For the loss of a third finger, thirty weeks.	2805
For the loss of a fourth finger, twenty weeks.	2806
For the loss of a fifth finger, commonly known as the little	2807
finger, fifteen weeks.	2808
The loss of a second, or distal, phalange of the thumb is	2809
considered equal to the loss of one half of such thumb; the loss	2810
of more than one half of such thumb is considered equal to the	2811
loss of the whole thumb.	2812
The loss of the third, or distal, phalange of any finger is	2813
considered equal to the loss of one-third of the finger.	2814
The loss of the middle, or second, phalange of any finger is	2815
considered equal to the loss of two-thirds of the finger.	2816
The loss of more than the middle and distal phalanges of any	2817
finger is considered equal to the loss of the whole finger. In no	2818
case shall the amount received for more than one finger exceed the	2819
amount provided in this schedule for the loss of a hand.	2820
For the loss of the metacarpal bone (bones of the palm) for	2821
the corresponding thumb, or fingers, add ten weeks to the number	2822
of weeks under this division.	2823
For ankylosis (total stiffness of) or contractures (due to	2824
scars or injuries) which makes any of the fingers, thumbs, or	2825
parts of either useless, the same number of weeks apply to the	2826
members or parts thereof as given for the loss thereof.	2827
If the claimant has suffered the loss of two or more fingers	2828
by amputation or ankylosis and the nature of the claimant's	2829
employment in the course of which the claimant was working at the	2830
time of the injury or occupational disease is such that the	2831
handicap or disability resulting from the loss of fingers, or loss	2832
of use of fingers, exceeds the normal handicap or disability	2833
resulting from the loss of fingers, or loss of use of fingers, the	2834

administrator may take that fact into consideration and increase	2835
the award of compensation accordingly, but the award made shall	2836
not exceed the amount of compensation for loss of a hand.	2837
For the loss of a hand, one hundred seventy-five weeks.	2838
For the loss of an arm, two hundred twenty-five weeks.	2839
For the loss of a great toe, thirty weeks.	2840
For the loss of one of the toes other than the great toe, ten	2841
weeks.	2842
The loss of more than two-thirds of any toe is considered	2843
equal to the loss of the whole toe.	2844
The loss of less than two-thirds of any toe is considered no	2845
loss, except as to the great toe; the loss of the great toe up to	2846
the interphalangeal joint is co-equal to the loss of one-half of	2847
the great toe; the loss of the great toe beyond the	2848
interphalangeal joint is considered equal to the loss of the whole	2849
great toe.	2850
For the loss of a foot, one hundred fifty weeks.	2851
For the loss of a leg, two hundred weeks.	2852
For the loss of the sight of an eye, one hundred twenty-five	2853
weeks.	2854
For the permanent partial loss of sight of an eye, the	2855
portion of one hundred twenty-five weeks as the administrator in	2856
each case determines, based upon the percentage of vision actually	2857
lost as a result of the injury or occupational disease, but, in no	2858
case shall an award of compensation be made for less than	2859
twenty-five per cent loss of uncorrected vision. "Loss of	2860
uncorrected vision" means the percentage of vision actually lost	2861
as the result of the injury or occupational disease.	2862
For the permanent and total loss of hearing of one ear,	2863

twenty-five weeks; but in no case shall an award of compensation

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be	made	for	less	than	permanent	and	total	loss	of	hearing	of	one	2865
ear	· .												2866

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For the permanent and total loss of hearing, one hundred 2867 twenty-five weeks; but, except pursuant to the next preceding 2868 paragraph, in no case shall an award of compensation be made for 2869 less than permanent and total loss of hearing. 2870

In case an injury or occupational disease results in serious 2871 facial or head disfigurement which either impairs or may in the 2872 future impair the opportunities to secure or retain employment, 2873 the administrator shall make an award of compensation as it deems 2874 proper and equitable, in view of the nature of the disfigurement, 2875 and not to exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars. For the purpose 2876 of making the award, it is not material whether the employee is 2877 gainfully employed in any occupation or trade at the time of the 2878 administrator's determination. 2879

When an award under this division has been made prior to the

death of an employee all unpaid installments accrued or to accrue

under the provisions of the award shall be payable to the

surviving spouse, or if there is no surviving spouse, to the

dependent children of the employee and if there are no such

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children, then to such dependents as the administrator determines.

When an employee has sustained the loss of a member by

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severance, but no award has been made on account thereof prior to

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the employee's death, the administrator shall make an award in

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accordance with this division for the loss which shall be payable

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to the surviving spouse, or if there is no surviving spouse, to

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the dependent children of the employee and if there are no such

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children, then to such dependents as the administrator determines.

(C) Compensation for partial impairment under divisions (A) 2893 and (B) of this section is in addition to the compensation paid 2894 the employee pursuant to section 4123.56 of the Revised Code. A 2895

claimant may receive	compensation	under	divisions	(A)	and	(B)	of	2896
this section.								2897

In all cases arising under division (B) of this section, if 2898 it is determined by any one of the following: (1) the amputee 2899 clinic at University hospital, Ohio state university; (2) the 2900 opportunities for Ohioans with disabilities agency; (3) an amputee 2901 clinic or prescribing physician approved by the administrator or 2902 the administrator's designee, that an injured or disabled employee 2903 is in need of an artificial appliance, or in need of a repair 2904 thereof, regardless of whether the appliance or its repair will be 2905 serviceable in the vocational rehabilitation of the injured 2906 employee, and regardless of whether the employee has returned to 2907 or can ever again return to any gainful employment, the bureau 2908 shall pay the cost of the artificial appliance or its repair out 2909 of the surplus created by division (B) of section 4123.34 of the 2910 Revised Code. 2911

In those cases where an opportunities for Ohioans with 2912 disabilities agency's recommendation that an injured or disabled 2913 employee is in need of an artificial appliance would conflict with 2914 their state plan, adopted pursuant to the "Rehabilitation Act of 2915 1973, 87 Stat. 355, 29 U.S.C.A. 701, the administrator or the 2916 administrator's designee or the bureau may obtain a recommendation 2917 from an amputee clinic or prescribing physician that they 2918 determine appropriate. 2919

(D) If an employee of a state fund employer makes application 2920 for a finding and the administrator finds that the employee has 2921 contracted silicosis as defined in division (Y), or coal miners' 2922 pneumoconiosis as defined in division (Z), or asbestosis as 2923 defined in division (BB) of section 4123.68 of the Revised Code, 2924 and that a change of such employee's occupation is medically 2925 advisable in order to decrease substantially further exposure to 2926 silica dust, asbestos, or coal dust and if the employee, after the 2927

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finding, has changed or shall change the employee's occupation to	2928
an occupation in which the exposure to silica dust, asbestos, or	2929
coal dust is substantially decreased, the administrator shall	2930
allow to the employee an amount equal to fifty per cent of the	2931
statewide average weekly wage per week for a period of thirty	2932
weeks, commencing as of the date of the discontinuance or change,	2933
and for a period of one hundred weeks immediately following the	2934
expiration of the period of thirty weeks, the employee shall	2935
receive sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the loss of wages	2936
resulting directly and solely from the change of occupation but	2937
not to exceed a maximum of an amount equal to fifty per cent of	2938
the statewide average weekly wage per week. No such employee is	2939
entitled to receive more than one allowance on account of	2940
discontinuance of employment or change of occupation and benefits	2941
shall cease for any period during which the employee is employed	2942
in an occupation in which the exposure to silica dust, asbestos,	2943
or coal dust is not substantially less than the exposure in the	2944
occupation in which the employee was formerly employed or for any	2945
period during which the employee may be entitled to receive	2946
compensation or benefits under section 4123.68 of the Revised Code	2947
on account of disability from silicosis, asbestosis, or coal	2948
miners' pneumoconiosis. An award for change of occupation for a	2949
coal miner who has contracted coal miners' pneumoconiosis may be	2950
granted under this division even though the coal miner continues	2951
employment with the same employer, so long as the coal miner's	2952
employment subsequent to the change is such that the coal miner's	2953
exposure to coal dust is substantially decreased and a change of	2954
occupation is certified by the claimant as permanent. The	2955
administrator may accord to the employee medical and other	2956
benefits in accordance with section 4123.66 of the Revised Code.	2957

(E) If a firefighter or police officer makes application for 2958 a finding and the administrator finds that the firefighter or 2959 police officer has contracted a cardiovascular and pulmonary 2960

disease as defined in division (W) of section $4123.68$ of the	2961
Revised Code, and that a change of the firefighter's or police	2962
officer's occupation is medically advisable in order to decrease	2963
substantially further exposure to smoke, toxic gases, chemical	2964
fumes, and other toxic vapors, and if the firefighter, or police	2965
officer, after the finding, has changed or changes occupation to	2966
an occupation in which the exposure to smoke, toxic gases,	2967
chemical fumes, and other toxic vapors is substantially decreased,	2968
the administrator shall allow to the firefighter or police officer	2969
an amount equal to fifty per cent of the statewide average weekly	2970
wage per week for a period of thirty weeks, commencing as of the	2971
date of the discontinuance or change, and for a period of	2972
seventy-five weeks immediately following the expiration of the	2973
period of thirty weeks the administrator shall allow the	2974
firefighter or police officer sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of	2975
the loss of wages resulting directly and solely from the change of	2976
occupation but not to exceed a maximum of an amount equal to fifty	2977
per cent of the statewide average weekly wage per week. No such	2978
firefighter or police officer is entitled to receive more than one	2979
allowance on account of discontinuance of employment or change of	2980
occupation and benefits shall cease for any period during which	2981
the firefighter or police officer is employed in an occupation in	2982
which the exposure to smoke, toxic gases, chemical fumes, and	2983
other toxic vapors is not substantially less than the exposure in	2984
the occupation in which the firefighter or police officer was	2985
formerly employed or for any period during which the firefighter	2986
or police officer may be entitled to receive compensation or	2987
benefits under section 4123.68 of the Revised Code on account of	2988
disability from a cardiovascular and pulmonary disease. The	2989
administrator may accord to the firefighter or police officer	2990
medical and other benefits in accordance with section 4123.66 of	2991
the Revised Code.	2992

(F) An order issued under this section is appealable pursuant

to section 4123.511 of the Revised Code but is not appealable to 2994 court under section 4123.512 of the Revised Code. 2995

Sec. 4123.66. (A) In addition to the compensation provided 2996 for in this chapter, the administrator of workers' compensation 2997 shall disburse and pay from the state insurance fund the amounts 2998 for medical, nurse, and hospital services and medicine as the 2999 administrator deems proper and, in case death ensues from the 3000 injury or occupational disease, the administrator shall disburse 3001 and pay from the fund reasonable funeral expenses in an amount not 3002 to exceed fifty-five hundred dollars. The bureau of workers' 3003 compensation shall reimburse anyone, whether dependent, volunteer, 3004 or otherwise, who pays the funeral expenses of any employee whose 3005 death ensues from any injury or occupational disease as provided 3006 in this section. The administrator may adopt rules, with the 3007 advice and consent of the bureau of workers' compensation board of 3008 directors, with respect to furnishing medical, nurse, and hospital 3009 service and medicine to injured or disabled employees entitled 3010 thereto, and for the payment therefor. In case an injury or 3011 industrial accident that injures an employee also causes damage to 3012 the employee's eyeglasses, artificial teeth or other denture, or 3013 hearing aid, or in the event an injury or occupational disease 3014 makes it necessary or advisable to replace, repair, or adjust the 3015 same, the bureau shall disburse and pay a reasonable amount to 3016 repair or replace the same. 3017

(B) The administrator, in the rules the administrator adopts 3018 pursuant to division (A) of this section, may adopt rules 3019 specifying the circumstances under which the bureau may make 3020 immediate payment for the first fill of prescription drugs for 3021 medical conditions identified in an application for compensation 3022 or benefits under section 4123.84 or 4123.85 of the Revised Code 3023 that occurs prior to the date the administrator issues an initial 3024 determination order under division (B) of section 4123.511 of the 3025

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Revised Code. If the claim is ultimately disallowed in a final 3026 administrative or judicial order, and if the employer is a state 3027 fund employer who pays assessments into the surplus fund account 3028 created under section 4123.34 of the Revised Code, the payments 3029 for medical services made pursuant to this division for the first 3030 fill of prescription drugs shall be charged to and paid from the 3031 surplus fund account and not charged through the state insurance 3032 fund to the employer against whom the claim was filed. 3033

(C)(1) If an employer or a welfare plan has provided to or on 3034 behalf of an employee any benefits or compensation for an injury 3035 or occupational disease and that injury or occupational disease is 3036 determined compensable under this chapter, the employer or a 3037 welfare plan may request that the administrator reimburse the 3038 employer or welfare plan for the amount the employer or welfare 3039 plan paid to or on behalf of the employee in compensation or 3040 benefits. The administrator shall reimburse the employer or 3041 welfare plan for the compensation and benefits paid if, at the 3042 time the employer or welfare plan provides the benefits or 3043 compensation to or on behalf of employee, the injury or 3044 occupational disease had not been determined to be compensable 3045 under this chapter and if the employee was not receiving 3046 compensation or benefits under this chapter for that injury or 3047 occupational disease. The administrator shall reimburse the 3048 employer or welfare plan in the amount that the administrator 3049 would have paid to or on behalf of the employee under this chapter 3050 if the injury or occupational disease originally would have been 3051 determined compensable under this chapter. If the employer is a 3052 merit-rated employer, the administrator shall adjust the amount of 3053 premium next due from the employer according to the amount the 3054 administrator pays the employer. The administrator shall adopt 3055 rules, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, to 3056 implement this division. 3057

(2) As used in this division, "welfare plan" has the same	3058
meaning as in division (1) of 29 U.S.C.A. 1002.	3059
(D)(1) Subject to the requirements of division (D)(2) of this	3060
section, the administrator may make a payment of up to five	3061
hundred dollars to either of the following:	3062
(a) The centers of medicare and medicaid services, for	3063
reimbursement of conditional payments made pursuant to the	3064
"Medicare Secondary Payer Act," 42 U.S.C. 1395y;	3065
(b) The Ohio department of medicaid, or a medical assistance	3066
provider to whom the department has assigned a right of recovery	3067
for a claim for which the department has notified the provider	3068
that the department intends to recoup the department's prior	3069
payment for the claim, for reimbursement under sections 5160.35 to	3070
5160.43 of the Revised Code for the cost of medical assistance	3071
paid on behalf of a medical assistance recipient.	3072
(2) The administrator may make a payment under division	3073
(D)(1) of this section if the administrator makes a reasonable	3074
determination that both of the following apply:	3075
(a) The payment is for reimbursement of benefits for an	3076
injury or occupational disease.	3077
(b) The injury or occupational disease is compensable, or is	3078
likely to be compensable, under this chapter or Chapter 4121.,	3079
4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code.	3080
(3) Any payment made pursuant to this division shall be	3081
charged to and paid from the surplus fund account created under	3082
section 4123.34 of the Revised Code.	3083
(4) Nothing in this division shall be construed as limiting	3084
the centers of medicare and medicaid services, the department, or	3085
any other entity with a lawful right to reimbursement from	3086
recovering sums greater than five hundred dollars.	3087

(5) The administrator may adopt rules, with the advice and	3088
consent of the bureau of workers' compensation board of directors,	3089
to implement this division.	3090
Sec. 4123.68. Every employee who is disabled because of the	3091
contraction of an occupational disease or the dependent of an	3092
employee whose death is caused by an occupational disease, is	3093
entitled to the compensation provided by sections 4123.55 to	3094
4123.59 and 4123.66 of the Revised Code subject to the	3095
modifications relating to occupational diseases contained in this	3096
chapter. An order of the administrator issued under this section	3097
is appealable pursuant to sections 4123.511 and 4123.512 of the	3098
Revised Code.	3099
The following diseases are occupational diseases and	3100
compensable as such when contracted by an employee in the course	3101
of the employment in which such employee was engaged and due to	3102
the nature of any process described in this section. A disease	3103
which meets the definition of an occupational disease is	3104
compensable pursuant to this chapter though it is not specifically	3105
listed in this section.	3106
SCHEDULE	3107
Description of disease or injury and description of process:	3108
(A) Anthrax: Handling of wool, hair, bristles, hides, and	3109
skins.	3110
(B) Glanders: Care of any equine animal suffering from	3111
glanders; handling carcass of such animal.	3112
(C) Lead poisoning: Any industrial process involving the use	3113
of lead or its preparations or compounds.	3114
(D) Mercury poisoning: Any industrial process involving the	3115
use of mercury or its preparations or compounds.	3116
(E) Phosphorous poisoning: Any industrial process involving	3117

the use of phosphorous or its preparations or compounds.	3118
(F) Arsenic poisoning: Any industrial process involving the	3119
use of arsenic or its preparations or compounds.	3120
(G) Poisoning by benzol or by nitro-derivatives and	3121
amido-derivatives of benzol (dinitro-benzol, anilin, and others):	3122
Any industrial process involving the use of benzol or	3123
nitro-derivatives or amido-derivatives of benzol or its	3124
preparations or compounds.	3125
(H) Poisoning by gasoline, benzine, naphtha, or other	3126
volatile petroleum products: Any industrial process involving the	3127
use of gasoline, benzine, naphtha, or other volatile petroleum	3128
products.	3129
(I) Poisoning by carbon bisulphide: Any industrial process	3130
involving the use of carbon bisulphide or its preparations or	3131
compounds.	3132
(J) Poisoning by wood alcohol: Any industrial process	3133
involving the use of wood alcohol or its preparations.	3134
(K) Infection or inflammation of the skin on contact surfaces	3135
due to oils, cutting compounds or lubricants, dust, liquids,	3136
fumes, gases, or vapors: Any industrial process involving the	3137
handling or use of oils, cutting compounds or lubricants, or	3138
involving contact with dust, liquids, fumes, gases, or vapors.	3139
(L) Epithelion cancer or ulceration of the skin or of the	3140
corneal surface of the eye due to carbon, pitch, tar, or tarry	3141
compounds: Handling or industrial use of carbon, pitch, or tarry	3142
compounds.	3143
(M) Compressed air illness: Any industrial process carried on	3144
in compressed air.	3145
-	3143
(N) Carbon dioxide poisoning: Any process involving the	3146

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3177

funeral expenses for disability or death from berylliosis unless

the employee has been subjected to injurious exposure to beryllium

dust or fumes in the employee's employment in this state preceding	3178
the employee's disablement and only in the event of such	3179
disability or death resulting within eight years after the last	3180
injurious exposure; provided that such eight-year limitation does	3181
not apply to disability or death from exposure occurring after	3182
January 1, 1976. In the event of death following continuous total	3183
disability commencing within eight years after the last injurious	3184
exposure, the requirement of death within eight years after the	3185
last injurious exposure does not apply.	3186

Before awarding compensation for partial or total disability 3187 or death due to berylliosis, the administrator of workers' 3188 compensation shall refer the claim to a qualified medical 3189 specialist for examination and recommendation with regard to the 3190 diagnosis, the extent of the disability, the nature of the 3191 disability, whether permanent or temporary, the cause of death, 3192 and other medical questions connected with the claim. An employee 3193 shall submit to such examinations, including clinical and x-ray 3194 examinations, as the administrator requires. In the event that an 3195 employee refuses to submit to examinations, including clinical and 3196 x-ray examinations, after notice from the administrator, or in the 3197 event that a claimant for compensation for death due to 3198 berylliosis fails to produce necessary consents and permits, after 3199 notice from the administrator, so that such autopsy examination 3200 and tests may be performed, then all rights for compensation are 3201 forfeited. The reasonable compensation of such specialist and the 3202 expenses of examinations and tests shall be paid, if the claim is 3203 allowed, as part of the expenses of the claim, otherwise they 3204 shall be paid from the surplus fund. 3205

(W) Cardiovascular, pulmonary, or respiratory diseases
 incurred by firefighters or police officers following exposure to
 heat, smoke, toxic gases, chemical fumes and other toxic
 substances: Any cardiovascular, pulmonary, or respiratory disease
 3208

of a firefighter or police officer caused or induced by the	3210
cumulative effect of exposure to heat, the inhalation of smoke,	3211
toxic gases, chemical fumes and other toxic substances in the	3212
performance of the firefighter's or police officer's duty	3213
constitutes a presumption, which may be refuted by affirmative	3214
evidence, that such occurred in the course of and arising out of	3215
the firefighter's or police officer's employment. For the purpose	3216
of this section, "firefighter" means any regular member of a	3217
lawfully constituted fire department of a municipal corporation or	3218
township, whether paid or volunteer, and "police officer" means	3219
any regular member of a lawfully constituted police department of	3220
a municipal corporation, township or county, whether paid or	3221
volunteer.	3222

This chapter does not entitle a firefighter, or police 3223 officer, or the firefighter's or police officer's dependents to 3224 compensation, medical treatment, or payment of funeral expenses 3225 for disability or death from a cardiovascular, pulmonary, or 3226 respiratory disease, unless the firefighter or police officer has 3227 been subject to injurious exposure to heat, smoke, toxic gases, 3228 chemical fumes, and other toxic substances in the firefighter's or 3229 police officer's employment in this state preceding the 3230 firefighter's or police officer's disablement, some portion of 3231 which has been after January 1, 1967, except as provided in 3232 division (E) of section 4123.57 of the Revised Code. 3233

Compensation on account of cardiovascular, pulmonary, or 3234 respiratory diseases of firefighters and police officers is 3235 payable only in the event of temporary total disability, permanent 3236 total disability, or death, in accordance with section 4123.56, 3237 4123.58, or 4123.59 of the Revised Code. Medical, hospital, and 3238 nursing expenses are payable in accordance with this chapter. 3239 Compensation, medical, hospital, and nursing expenses are payable 3240 only in the event of such disability or death resulting within 3241

eight years after the last injurious exposure; provided that such	3242
eight-year limitation does not apply to disability or death from	3243
exposure occurring after January 1, 1976. In the event of death	3244
following continuous total disability commencing within eight	3245
years after the last injurious exposure, the requirement of death	3246
within eight years after the last injurious exposure does not	3247
apply.	3248

This chapter does not entitle a firefighter or police 3249 officer, or the firefighter's or police officer's dependents, to 3250 compensation, medical, hospital, and nursing expenses, or payment 3251 of funeral expenses for disability or death due to a 3252 cardiovascular, pulmonary, or respiratory disease in the event of 3253 failure or omission on the part of the firefighter or police 3254 officer truthfully to state, when seeking employment, the place, 3255 duration, and nature of previous employment in answer to an 3256 inquiry made by the employer. 3257

Before awarding compensation for disability or death under 3258 this division, the administrator shall refer the claim to a 3259 qualified medical specialist for examination and recommendation 3260 with regard to the diagnosis, the extent of disability, the cause 3261 of death, and other medical questions connected with the claim. A 3262 firefighter or police officer shall submit to such examinations, 3263 including clinical and x-ray examinations, as the administrator 3264 requires. In the event that a firefighter or police officer 3265 refuses to submit to examinations, including clinical and x-ray 3266 examinations, after notice from the administrator, or in the event 3267 that a claimant for compensation for death under this division 3268 fails to produce necessary consents and permits, after notice from 3269 the administrator, so that such autopsy examination and tests may 3270 be performed, then all rights for compensation are forfeited. The 3271 reasonable compensation of such specialists and the expenses of 3272 examination and tests shall be paid, if the claim is allowed, as 3273

part of the expenses of the claim, otherwise they shall be paid	3274
from the surplus fund.	3275
(X)(1) Cancer contracted by a firefighter: Cancer contracted	3276
by a firefighter who has been assigned to at least six years of	3277
hazardous duty as a firefighter constitutes a presumption that the	3278
cancer was contracted in the course of and arising out of the	3279
firefighter's employment if the firefighter was exposed to an	3280
agent classified by the international agency for research on	3281
cancer or its successor organization as a group 1 or 2A	3282
carcinogen.	3283
(2) The presumption described in division $(X)(1)$ of this	3284
section is rebuttable in any of the following situations:	3285
(a) There is evidence that the firefighter's exposure,	3286
outside the scope of the firefighter's official duties, to	3287
cigarettes, tobacco products, or other conditions presenting an	3288
extremely high risk for the development of the cancer alleged, was	3289
probably a significant factor in the cause or progression of the	3290
cancer.	3291
(b) There is evidence that the firefighter failed to use or	3292
improperly used protective equipment while performing the	3293
firefighter's official duties, unless the firefighter was	3294
instructed to do so by the firefighter's employer or supervisor or	3295
the firefighter's employer or supervisor failed to make the	3296
equipment available to the firefighter.	3297
(c) There is evidence that the firefighter was not exposed to	3298
an agent classified by the international agency for research on	3299
cancer as a group 1 or 2A carcinogen.	3300
$\frac{(c)(d)}{(d)}$ There is evidence that the firefighter incurred the	3301
type of cancer alleged before becoming a member of the fire	3302
department.	3303
$\frac{(d)(e)}{(e)}$ The firefighter is seventy years of age or older.	3304

(3) The presumption described in division $(X)(1)$ of this	3305
section does not apply if it has been more than twenty fifteen	3306
years since the firefighter was last assigned to hazardous duty as	3307
a firefighter.	3308
(4) Compensation for cancer contracted by a firefighter in	3309
the course of hazardous duty under division (X) of this section is	3310
payable only in the event of temporary total disability, working	3311
wage loss, permanent total disability, or death, in accordance	3312
with sections division (A) or (B)(1) of section 4123.56, and	3313
sections 4123.58, and 4123.59 of the Revised Code.	3314
(5) As used in division (X) of this section, "hazardous duty"	3315
has the same meaning as in 5 C.F.R. 550.902, as amended.	3316
(Y) Silicosis: Silicosis means a disease of the lungs caused	3317
by breathing silica dust (silicon dioxide) producing fibrous	3318
nodules distributed through the lungs and demonstrated by x-ray	3319
examination, by biopsy or by autopsy.	3320
(Z) Coal miners' pneumoconiosis: Coal miners' pneumoconiosis,	3321
commonly referred to as "black lung disease," resulting from	3322
working in the coal mine industry and due to exposure to the	3323
breathing of coal dust, and demonstrated by x-ray examination,	3324
biopsy, autopsy or other medical or clinical tests.	3325
This chapter does not entitle an employee or the employee's	3326
dependents to compensation, medical treatment, or payment of	3327
funeral expenses for disability or death from silicosis,	3328
asbestosis, or coal miners' pneumoconiosis unless the employee has	3329
been subject to injurious exposure to silica dust (silicon	3330
dioxide), asbestos, or coal dust in the employee's employment in	3331
this state preceding the employee's disablement, some portion of	3332
which has been after October 12, 1945, except as provided in	3333
division (E) of section 4123.57 of the Revised Code.	3334

Compensation on account of silicosis, asbestosis, or coal 3335

miners' pneumoconiosis are payable only in the event of temporary	3336
total disability, permanent total disability, or death, in	3337
accordance with sections 4123.56, 4123.58, and 4123.59 of the	3338
Revised Code. Medical, hospital, and nursing expenses are payable	3339
in accordance with this chapter. Compensation, medical, hospital,	3340
and nursing expenses are payable only in the event of such	3341
disability or death resulting within eight years after the last	3342
injurious exposure; provided that such eight-year limitation does	3343
not apply to disability or death occurring after January 1, 1976,	3344
and further provided that such eight-year limitation does not	3345
apply to any asbestosis cases. In the event of death following	3346
continuous total disability commencing within eight years after	3347
the last injurious exposure, the requirement of death within eight	3348
years after the last injurious exposure does not apply.	3349

This chapter does not entitle an employee or the employee's 3350 dependents to compensation, medical, hospital and nursing 3351 expenses, or payment of funeral expenses for disability or death 3352 due to silicosis, asbestosis, or coal miners' pneumoconiosis in 3353 the event of the failure or omission on the part of the employee 3354 truthfully to state, when seeking employment, the place, duration, 3355 and nature of previous employment in answer to an inquiry made by 3356 the employer. 3357

Before awarding compensation for disability or death due to 3358 silicosis, asbestosis, or coal miners' pneumoconiosis, the 3359 administrator shall refer the claim to a qualified medical 3360 specialist for examination and recommendation with regard to the 3361 diagnosis, the extent of disability, the cause of death, and other 3362 medical questions connected with the claim. An employee shall 3363 submit to such examinations, including clinical and x-ray 3364 examinations, as the administrator requires. In the event that an 3365 employee refuses to submit to examinations, including clinical and 3366 x-ray examinations, after notice from the administrator, or in the 3367

event that a claimant for compensation for death due to silicosis,	3368
asbestosis, or coal miners' pneumoconiosis fails to produce	3369
necessary consents and permits, after notice from the commission,	3370
so that such autopsy examination and tests may be performed, then	3371
all rights for compensation are forfeited. The reasonable	3372
compensation of such specialist and the expenses of examinations	3373
and tests shall be paid, if the claim is allowed, as a part of the	3374
expenses of the claim, otherwise they shall be paid from the	3375
surplus fund.	3376
(AA) Radiation illness: Any industrial process involving the	3377
use of radioactive materials.	3378

Claims for compensation and benefits due to radiation illness 3379 are payable only in the event death or disability occurred within 3380 eight years after the last injurious exposure provided that such 3381 eight-year limitation does not apply to disability or death from 3382 exposure occurring after January 1, 1976. In the event of death 3383 following continuous disability which commenced within eight years 3384 of the last injurious exposure the requirement of death within 3385 eight years after the last injurious exposure does not apply. 3386

(BB) Asbestosis: Asbestosis means a disease caused by
inhalation or ingestion of asbestos, demonstrated by x-ray
examination, biopsy, autopsy, or other objective medical or
clinical tests.

3387

All conditions, restrictions, limitations, and other

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provisions of this section, with reference to the payment of
compensation or benefits on account of silicosis or coal miners'
3393
pneumoconiosis apply to the payment of compensation or benefits on
account of any other occupational disease of the respiratory tract
3395
resulting from injurious exposures to dust.
3396

The refusal to produce the necessary consents and permits for 3397 autopsy examination and testing shall not result in forfeiture of 3398

compensation provided the administrator finds that such refusal	3399
was the result of bona fide religious convictions or teachings to	3400
which the claimant for compensation adhered prior to the death of	3401
the decedent.	3402
Sec. 4123.71. Every physician in this state attending on or	3403
called in to visit a patient whom <del>he</del> <u>the physician</u> believes to be	3404
suffering from an occupational disease as defined in section	3405
4123.68 of the Revised Code shall, within forty-eight hours from	3406
the time of making such diagnosis, send to the bureau of workers'	3407
compensation a report stating:	3408
(A) Name, address, and occupation of patient;	3409
(B) Name and address of business in which employed;	3410
(C) Nature of disease;	3411
(D) Name and address of employer of patient;	3412
(E) Such other information as is reasonably required by the	3413
bureau.	3414
The reports shall be made on blanks to be furnished by the	3415
bureau. The mailing of A physician who sends the report within the	3416
time stated, in a stamped envelope addressed to the office of the	3417
bureau is a <u>in</u> compliance with this section.	3418
Reports made under this section shall not be evidence of the	3419
facts therein stated in any action arising out of a disease	3420
therein reported.	3421
The bureau shall, within twenty-four hours after the receipt	3422
of the report, send a copy thereof to the employer of the patient	3423
named in the report.	3424
Sec. 4123.84. (A) In all cases of injury or death, claims for	3425
compensation or benefits for the specific part or parts of the	3426

body injured shall be forever barred unless, within two years one

<u>year</u> after the injury or death:	3428
(1) Written or facsimile notice of the specific part or parts	3429
of the body claimed to have been injured has been made to the	3430
industrial commission or the bureau of workers' compensation;	3431
(2) The employer, with knowledge of a claimed compensable	3432
injury or occupational disease, has paid wages in lieu of	3433
compensation for total disability;	3434
(3) In the event the employer is a self-insuring employer,	3435
one of the following has occurred:	3436
(a) Written or facsimile notice of the specific part or parts	3437
of the body claimed to have been injured has been given to the	3438
commission or bureau or the employer has furnished treatment by a	3439
licensed physician in the employ of an employer, provided,	3440
however, that the furnishing of such treatment shall not	3441
constitute a recognition of a claim as compensable, but shall do	3442
no more than satisfy the requirements of this section;	3443
(b) Compensation or benefits have been paid or furnished	3444
equal to or greater than is provided for in sections 4123.52,	3445
4123.55 to 4123.62, and 4123.64 to 4123.67 of the Revised Code.	3446
(4) Written or facsimile notice of death has been given to	3447
the commission or bureau.	3448
(B) The bureau shall provide printed notices quoting in full	3449
division (A) of this section, and every self-insuring employer	3450
shall post and maintain at all times one or more of the notices in	3451
conspicuous places in the workshop or places of employment.	3452
(C) The commission has continuing jurisdiction as set forth	3453
in section 4123.52 of the Revised Code over a claim which meets	3454
the requirement of this section, including jurisdiction to award	3455
compensation or benefits for loss or impairment of bodily	3456
functions developing in a part or parts of the body not specified	3457

3488

pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section, if the commission	3458
finds that the loss or impairment of bodily functions was due to	3459
and a result of or a residual of the injury to one of the parts of	3460
the body set forth in the written notice filed pursuant to	3461
division (A)(1) of this section.	3462
(D) Any claim pending before the administrator, the	3463
commission, or a court on December 11, 1967, in which the remedy	3464
is affected by this section is governed by this section.	3465
(E) Notwithstanding the requirement that the notice required	3466
to be given to the bureau, commission, or employer under this	3467
section is to be in writing or facsimile, the bureau may accept,	3468
assign a claim number, and process a claim when notice is provided	3469
verbally over the telephone. Immediately upon receipt of notice	3470
provided verbally over the telephone, the bureau shall send a	3471
written or facsimile notice to the employer of the bureau's	3472
receipt of the verbal notice. Within fifteen days after receipt of	3473
the bureau's written or facsimile notice, the employer may in	3474
writing or facsimile either verify or not verify the verbal	3475
notice. If the bureau does not receive the written or facsimile	3476
notification from the employer or receives a written or facsimile	3477
notification verifying the verbal notice within such time period,	3478
the claim is validly filed and such verbal notice tolls the	3479
statute of limitations in regard to the claim filed and is	3480
considered to meet the requirements of written or facsimile notice	3481
required by this section.	3482
(F) As used in division (A)(3)(b) of this section, "benefits"	3483
means payments by a self-insuring employer to, or on behalf of, an	3484
employee for a hospital bill, a medical bill to a licensed	3485
physician or hospital, or an orthopedic or prosthetic device.	3486

Sec. 4125.07. (A) As used in this section, "self-insuring 3487

employer" has the same meaning as in section 4123.01 of the

Revised Code.	3489
(B) Not later than fourteen thirty calendar days after the	3490
date on which a professional employer organization agreement is	3491
terminated, the professional employer organization is adjudged	3492
bankrupt, the professional employer organization ceases operations	3493
within the state of Ohio, or the registration of the professional	3494
employer organization is revoked, the professional employer	3495
organization shall submit to the administrator of workers'	3496
compensation and each client employer associated with that	3497
professional employer organization a completed workers'	3498
compensation lease termination notice form provided by the	3499
administrator. The completed form shall include all client payroll	3500
and claim information listed in a format specified by the	3501
administrator and notice of all workers' compensation claims that	3502
have been reported to the professional employer organization in	3503
accordance with its internal reporting policies.	3504
(C)(1) If a professional employer organization that is a	3505
self-insuring employer is required to submit a workers'	3506
compensation lease termination notice form under division (B) of	3507
this section, not later than <b>fourteen</b> thirty calendar days after	3508
the lease termination the professional employer organization shall	3509
submit all of the following to the administrator for any years	3510
necessary for the administrator to develop a state fund experience	3511
modification factor for each client employer involved in the lease	3512
termination:	3513
(a) The payroll of each client employer involved in the lease	3514
termination, organized by manual classification and year;	3515
(b) The medical and indemnity costs of each client employer	3516
involved in the lease termination, organized by claim;	3517
(c) Any other information the administrator may require to	3518
develop a state fund experience modification factor for each	3519

organization reporting entity.

client employer involved in the lease termination.	3520
(2) The administrator may require a professional employer	3521
organization to submit the information required under division	3522
(C)(1) of this section at additional times after the initial	3523
submission if the administrator determines that the information is	3524
necessary for the administrator to develop a state fund experience	3525
modification factor.	3526
(3) The administrator may revoke or refuse to renew a	3527
professional employer organization's status as a self-insuring	3528
employer if the professional employer organization fails to	3529
provide information requested by the administrator under division	3530
(C)(1) or (2) of this section.	3531
(D) The administrator shall use the information provided	3532
under division (C) of this section to develop a state fund	3533
experience modification factor for each client employer involved	3534
in a lease termination with a professional employer organization	3535
that is a self-insuring employer.	3536
(E) A professional employer organization shall report any	3537
transfer of employees between related professional employer	3538
organization entities or professional employer organization	3539
reporting entities to the administrator within fourteen calendar	3540
days after the date of the transfer on a form prescribed by the	3541
administrator. The professional employer organization or	3542
professional employer organization reporting entity shall include	3543
in the form all client payroll and claim information regarding the	3544
transferred employees listed in a format specified by the	3545
administrator and a notice of all workers' compensation claims	3546
that have been reported to the professional employer organization	3547
or professional employer organization reporting entity in	3548
accordance with the internal reporting policies of the	3549
professional employer organization or professional employer	3550

(F) Prior to entering into a professional employer	3552
organization agreement with a client employer, a professional	3553
employer organization shall disclose in writing to the client	3554
employer the reporting requirements that apply to the professional	3555
employer organization under division (C) of this section and that	3556
the administrator must develop a state fund experience	3557
modification factor for each client employer involved in a lease	3558
termination with a professional employer organization that is a	3559
self-insuring employer.	3560
Sec. 4167.01. As used in this chapter:	3561
(A) "Public employer" means any of the following:	3562
(1) The state and its instrumentalities;	3563
(2) Any political subdivisions and their instrumentalities,	3564
including any county, county hospital, municipal corporation,	3565
city, village, township, park district, school district, state	3566
institution of higher learning, public or special district, state	3567
agency, authority, commission, or board;	3568
(3) Any other branch of public employment not mentioned in	3569
division (A)(1) or (2) of this section.	3570
(B) "Public employee" means any individual who engages to	3571
furnish services subject to the direction and control of a public	3572
employer, including those individuals working for a private	3573
employer who has contracted with a public employer and over whom	3574
the national labor relations board has declined jurisdiction.	3575
"Public employee" does not mean any of the following:	3576
(1) A <del>firefighter, an emergency medical technician basic, an</del>	3577
emergency medical technician-intermediate, a paramedic, or a peace	3578
officer employed by a public employer as defined in division	3579
(A)(2) of this section or any member of the organized militia	3580
ordered to duty by state authority pursuant to Chapter 5923. of	3581

the Revised Code <del>, or a firefighter, an emergency medical</del>	3582
technician basic, an emergency medical technician intermediate, or	3583
a paramedic employed by a private employer that is organized as a	3584
nonprofit fire company or life squad that contracts with a public	3585
employer to provide fire protection or emergency medical services;	3586
(2) Any person employed as a correctional officer in a county	3587
or municipal corporation correctional institution, whether the	3588
county or municipal corporation solely or in conjunction with each	3589
other operates the institution;	3590
(3) Any person who engages to furnish services subject to the	3591
direction and control of a public employer but does not receive	3592
compensation, either directly or indirectly, for those services;	3593
$\frac{(4)}{(3)}$ Any forest-fire investigator, natural resources	3594
officer, wildlife officer, or preserve officer.	3595
(C) "Public employee representative" means an employee	3596
organization certified by the state employment relations board	3597
under section 4117.05 of the Revised Code as the exclusive	3598
representative of the public employees in a bargaining unit.	3599
(D) "Employment risk reduction standard" means a standard	3600
which requires conditions, or the adoption or use of one or more	3601
practices, means, methods, operations, or processes, reasonably	3602
necessary or appropriate to provide safe and healthful employment	3603
and places of employment.	3604
(E) "Ohio employment risk reduction standard" means any risk	3605
reduction standard adopted or issued under this chapter.	3606
(F) "Undue hardship" means any requirement imposed under this	3607
chapter or a rule or order issued thereunder that would require a	3608
public employer to take an action with significant difficulty or	3609
expense when considered in light of all of the following factors:	3610
(1) The nature and cost of the action required under this	3611

chapter;	3612
(2) The overall financial resources of the public employer	3613
involved in the action;	3614
(3) The number of persons employed by the public employer at	3615
the particular location where the action may be required;	3616
(4) The effect on expenses and resources or the impact	3617
otherwise of the action required upon the operations of the public	3618
employer at the location where the action may be required;	3619
(5) The overall size of the public employer with respect to	3620
the number of its public employees;	3621
(6) The number, type, and location of the public employer's	3622
operations, including the composition, structure, and functions of	3623
the workforce of the public entity;	3624
(7) The geographic separateness, administrative, or fiscal	3625
relationship of the public employer's operations to the whole	3626
public employer.	3627
Sec. 4167.02. (A) The administrator of worker's workers'	3628
compensation shall operate and enforce the public employment risk	3629
reduction program created by this chapter.	3630
(B) The administrator shall do all of the following:	3631
(1) Adopt rules, with the advice and consent of the bureau of	3632
workers' compensation board of directors and in accordance with	3633
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, for the administration and	3634
enforcement of this chapter, including rules covering standards.	3635
The administrator shall include both of the following in the	3636
rules:	3637
(a) Standards the administrator shall follow in issuing an	3638
emergency temporary Ohio employment risk reduction standard under	3639
section 4167.08 of the Revised Code and in issuing a temporary	3640

variance and a variance from an Ohio employment risk reduction	3641
standard or part thereof under section 4167.09 of the Revised	3642
Code;	3643
(b) Standards and procedures for an effective safety	3644
partnership agreement program for public employers and employees	3645
that promotes voluntary compliance with this chapter.	3646
(2) Do all things necessary and appropriate for the	3647
administration and enforcement of this chapter.	3648
(C) In carrying out the responsibilities of this chapter, the	3649
administrator may use, with the consent of any federal, state, or	3650
local agency, the services, facilities, and personnel of such	3651
agency, with or without reimbursement, and may retain or contract	3652
with experts, consultants, and organizations for services or	3653
personnel on such terms as the administrator determines	3654
appropriate.	3655
Sec. 4167.10. (A) In order to carry out the purposes of this	3656
chapter, the administrator of workers' compensation or the	3657
administrator's designee shall, as provided in this section, enter	3658
without delay during normal working hours and at other reasonable	3659
times, to inspect and investigate any plant, facility,	3660
establishment, construction site, or any other area, workplace, or	3661
environment where work is being performed by a public employee of	3662
a public employer, and any place of employment and all pertinent	3663
conditions, structures, machines, apparatus, devices, equipment,	3664
and materials therein, and question privately any public employer,	3665
administrator, department head, operator, agent, or public	3666
employee. The authority to inspect and investigate includes the	3667
taking of environmental samples, the taking and obtaining of	3668
photographs related to the purposes of the inspection or	3669
investigation, the examination of records required to be kept	3670

under section 4167.11 of the Revised Code and other documents and

records relevant to the inspection and investigation, the issuance	3672
of subpoenas, and the conducting of tests and other studies	3673
reasonably calculated to serve the purposes of implementing and	3674
enforcing this chapter. Except as provided in this section, the	3675
administrator or the administrator's designee shall conduct	3676
scheduled inspections and investigations only pursuant to rules	3677
adopted under section 4167.02 of the Revised Code, a request to do	3678
so by a public employee or public employee representative, or the	3679
notification the administrator receives pursuant to division (B)	3680
of section 4167.06 of the Revised Code and only if the	3681
administrator or the administrator's designee complies with this	3682
section. The administrator or the administrator's designee shall	3683
conduct all requested or required inspections within a reasonable	3684
amount of time following receipt of the request or notification.	3685

- (B)(1) Any public employee or public employee representative 3686 who believes that a violation of an Ohio employment risk reduction 3687 standard exists that threatens physical harm, or that an imminent 3688 danger exists, may request an inspection by giving written notice 3689 to the administrator or the administrator's designee of the 3690 violation or danger. The notice shall set forth with reasonable 3691 particularity the grounds for the notice, and shall be signed by 3692 the public employee or public employee representative. The names 3693 of individual public employees making the notice or referred to 3694 therein shall not appear in the copy provided to the public 3695 employer pursuant to division (B)(2) of this section and shall be 3696 kept confidential. 3697
- (2) If, upon receipt of a notification pursuant to division 3698
  (B)(1) of this section, the administrator determines that there 3699
  are no reasonable grounds to believe that a violation or danger 3700
  exists, the administrator shall inform the public employee or 3701
  public employee representative in writing of the determination. 3702
  If, upon receipt of a notification, the administrator determines 3703

that there are reasonable grounds to believe that a violation or	3704
danger exists, the administrator shall, within one week, excluding	3705
Saturdays, Sundays, and any legal holiday as defined in section	3706
1.14 of the Revised Code, after receipt of the notification,	3707
notify the public employer, by certified mail, return receipt	3708
requested, of the alleged violation or danger. The notice provided	3709
to the public employer or the public employer's agent shall	3710
contain a copy of the notice provided to the administrator by the	3711
public employee or the public employee representative under	3712
division (B)(1) of this section and shall inform the public	3713
employer of the alleged violation or danger and that the	3714
administrator or the administrator's designee will investigate and	3715
inspect the public employer's workplace as provided in this	3716
section. The public employer must respond to the administrator, in	3717
a method determined by the administrator, concerning the alleged	3718
violation or danger, within thirty days after receipt of the	3719
notice. If the public employer does not correct the violation or	3720
danger within the thirty-day period or if the public employer	3721
fails to respond within that time period, the administrator or the	3722
administrator's designee shall investigate and inspect the public	3723
employer's workplace as provided in this section. The	3724
administrator or the administrator's designee shall not conduct	3725
any inspection prior to the end of the thirty-day period unless	3726
requested or permitted by the public employer. The administrator	3727
may, at any time upon the request of the public employer, inspect	3728
and investigate any violation or danger alleged to exist at the	3729
public employer's place of employment.	3730

(3) The authority of the administrator or the administrator's 3731 designee to investigate and inspect a premises pursuant to a 3732 public employee or public employee representative notification is 3733 not limited to the alleged violation or danger contained in the 3734 notification. The administrator or the administrator's designee 3735 may investigate and inspect any other area of the premises where 3736

there is reason to believe that a violation or danger exists. In 3737 addition, if the administrator or the administrator's designee 3738 detects any obvious or apparent violation at any temporary place 3739 of employment while en route to the premises to be inspected or 3740 investigated, and that violation presents a substantial 3741 probability that the condition or practice could result in death 3742 or serious physical harm, the administrator or the administrator's 3743 designee may use any of the enforcement mechanisms provided in 3744 this section to correct or remove the condition or practice. 3745

- (4) If, during an inspection or investigation, the 3746 administrator or the administrator's designee finds any condition 3747 or practice in any place of employment that presents a substantial 3748 probability that the condition or practice could result in death 3749 or serious physical harm, after notifying the employer of the 3750 administrator's intent to issue an order, the administrator shall 3751 issue an order, or the administrator's designee shall issue an 3752 order after consultation either by telephone or in person with the 3753 administrator and upon the recommendation of the administrator, 3754 which prohibits the employment of any public employee or any 3755 continuing operation or process under such condition or practice 3756 until necessary steps are taken to correct or remove the condition 3757 or practice. The order shall not be effective for more than 3758 fifteen days, unless a court of competent jurisdiction otherwise 3759 orders as provided in section 4167.14 of the Revised Code. 3760
- (C) In making any inspections or investigations under this 3761 chapter, the administrator or the administrator's designee may 3762 administer oaths and require, by subpoena, the attendance and 3763 testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence under oath. 3764 Witnesses shall receive the fees and mileage provided for under 3765 section 119.094 of the Revised Code. In the case of contumacy, 3766 failure, or refusal of any person to comply with an order or any 3767 subpoena lawfully issued, or upon the refusal of any witness to 3768

testify to any matter regarding which the witness may lawfully be	3769
interrogated, a judge of the court of common pleas of any county	3770
in this state, on the application of the administrator or the	3771
administrator's designee, shall issue an order requiring the	3772
person to appear and to produce evidence if, as, and when so	3773
ordered, and to give testimony relating to the matter under	3774
investigation or in question. The court may punish any failure to	3775
obey the order of the court as a contempt thereof.	3776

- (D) If, upon inspection or investigation, the administrator 3777 or the administrator's designee believes that a public employer 3778 has violated any requirement of this chapter or any rule, Ohio 3779 employment risk reduction standard, or order adopted or issued 3780 pursuant thereto, the administrator or the administrator's 3781 designee shall, with reasonable promptness, issue a citation to 3782 the public employer. The citation shall be in writing and describe 3783 with particularity the nature of the alleged violation, including 3784 a reference to the provision of law, Ohio employment risk 3785 reduction standard, rule, or order alleged to have been violated. 3786 In addition, the citation shall fix a time for the abatement of 3787 the violation, as provided in division (H) of this section. The 3788 administrator may prescribe procedures for the issuance of a 3789 notice with respect to minor violations and for enforcement of 3790 minor violations that have no direct or immediate relationship to 3791 safety or health. 3792
- (E) Upon receipt of any citation under this section, the 3793 public employer shall immediately post the citation, or a copy 3794 thereof, at or near each place an alleged violation referred to in 3795 the citation occurred. 3796
- (F) The administrator may not issue a citation under this 3797 section after the expiration of six months following the final 3798 occurrence of any violation. 3799
  - (G) If the administrator issues a citation pursuant to this

section, the administrator shall mail the citation to the public 3801 employer by certified mail, return receipt requested. The public 3802 employer has fourteen days after receipt of the citation within 3803 which to notify the administrator that the employer wishes to 3804 contest the citation. If the employer notifies the administrator 3805 within the fourteen days that the employer wishes to contest the 3806 citation, or if within fourteen days after the issuance of a 3807 citation a public employee or public employee representative files 3808 notice that the time period fixed in the citation for the 3809 abatement of the violation is unreasonable, the administrator 3810 shall hold an adjudication hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. 3811 of the Revised Code. 3812

- (H) In establishing the time limits in which a public 3813 employer must abate a violation under this section, the 3814 administrator shall consider the costs to the public employer, the 3815 size and financial resources of the public employer, the severity 3816 of the violation, the technological feasibility of the public 3817 employer's ability to comply with requirements of the citation, 3818 the possible present and future detriment to the health and safety 3819 of any public employee for failure of the public employer to 3820 comply with requirements of the citation, and such other factors 3821 as the administrator determines appropriate. The administrator 3822 may, after considering the above factors, permit the public 3823 employer to comply with the citation over a period of up to two 3824 years and may extend that period an additional one year, as the 3825 administrator determines appropriate. 3826
- (I) Any public employer may request the administrator to 3827 conduct an employment risk reduction inspection of the public 3828 employer's place of employment. The administrator or the 3829 administrator's designee shall conduct the inspection within a 3830 reasonable amount of time following the request. Neither the 3831 administrator nor any other person may use any information 3832

Revised Code are hereby repealed. Section 201.10. All items in this section are hereby 3844 appropriated out of any moneys in the state treasury to the credit 3845 of the designated fund. For all appropriations made in this act, 3846 those in the first column are for fiscal year 2018, and those in 3847 the second column are for fiscal year 2019. 3848 BWC BUREAU OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION 3849 Dedicated Purpose Fund Group 3850 7023 855407 \$ 115,598,050 \$ Claims, Risk and 118,300,550 3851 Medical Management 7023 855408 Fraud Prevention \$ 12,791,260 \$ 12,791,260 3852 7023 855409 Administrative \$ 109,472,100 \$ 109,472,100 3853 Services 7023 855410 Attorney General \$ 4,621,850 \$ 4,621,850 3854 Payments 8220 855606 Coal Workers' Fund \$ 154,000 \$ 154,000 3855 8230 855608 Marine Industry \$ 57,000 \$ 57,000 3856 8250 855605 Disabled Workers 173,000 \$ \$ 173,000 3857

\$

22,000,000 \$

22,000,000

3858

Relief Fund

Safety and Hygiene

	Operating				
8260 855610	Safety Grants	\$	15,000,000	\$ 15,000,000	3859
TOTAL DPF De	edicated Purpose Fund	\$	279,867,260	\$ 282,569,760	3860
Group					
Federal Fund	l Group				3861
3490 855601	OSHA Enforcement	\$	1,653,900	\$ 1,653,900	3862
3FW0 855614	BLS SOII Grant	\$	195,104	\$ 195,104	3863
3FW0 855615	NIOSH Grant	\$	200,000	\$ 200,000	3864
TOTAL FED Fe	deral Fund Group	\$	2,049,004	\$ 2,049,004	3865
TOTAL ALL BU	DGET FUND GROUPS	\$	281,916,264	\$ 284,618,764	3866
WORKERS	S' COMPENSATION FRAUD UN	IT			3867
Of the	foregoing appropriation	ite	em 855410, Att	orney General	3868
Payments, \$8	328,200 in each fiscal y	ear	shall be used	to fund the	3869
expenses of	the Workers' Compensati	on I	Fraud Unit wit	hin the	3870
Attorney Ger	neral's Office. These pa	.ymer	nts shall be p	rocessed at	3871
the beginning of each quarter of each fiscal year and deposited			3872		
into the Workers' Compensation Section Fund (Fund 1950) used by			3873		
the Attorney	General.				3874
SAFETY	AND HYGIENE				3875
Notwith	nstanding section 4121.3	7 of	f the Revised	Code, the	3876
Treasurer of State shall remit \$22,000,000 cash in fiscal year			3877		
2018 and \$22	2,000,000 cash in fiscal	yea	ar 2019 from t	he State	3878
Insurance Fu	and to the state treasur	y to	o the credit o	f the Safety	3879
and Hygiene	Fund (Fund 8260).				3880
OSHA ON	I-SITE CONSULTATION PROG	RAM			3881
A porti	on of the foregoing app	ropi	riation item 8	55609, Safety	3882
and Hygiene	Operating, may be used	to <u>r</u>	provide the st	ate match for	3883
federal fund	ling of the Occupational	Saf	fety and Healt	h	3884
Administrati	on's On-site Consultati	on I	Program operat	ed by the	3885
Division of	Safety and Hygiene.				3886
	DELLA DELL'EST CO.				2005

VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION

3917

The Bureau of Workers' Compensation and the Opportunities for	3888
Ohioans with Disabilities Agency may enter into an interagency	3889
agreement for the provision of vocational rehabilitation services	3890
and staff to mutually eligible clients. The Bureau may provide	3891
funds from the State Insurance Fund to fund vocational	3892
rehabilitation services and staff in accordance with the	3893
interagency agreement.	3894
Section 201.20. DEPUTY INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR BWC AND OIC	3895
FUNDING	3896
To pay for the FY 2018 costs related to the Deputy Inspector	3897
General for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial	3898
Commission, on July 1, 2017, and January 1, 2018, or as soon as	3899
possible thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management shall	3900
transfer \$212,500 in cash from the Workers' Compensation Fund	3901
(Fund 7023) to the Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of	3902
Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission Fund (Fund 5FT0).	3903
To pay for the FY 2019 costs related to the Deputy Inspector	3904
General for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial	3905
Commission, on July 1, 2018, and January 1, 2019, or as soon as	3906
possible thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management shall	3907
transfer \$212,500 in cash from the Workers' Compensation Fund	3908
(Fund 7023) to the Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of	3909
Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission Fund (Fund 5FT0).	3910
If additional amounts are needed, the Inspector General may	3911
seek Controlling Board approval for additional transfers of cash	3912
and to increase the amount appropriated in appropriation item	3913
965604, Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of Workers'	3914
Compensation and Industrial Commission.	3915
Section 707.10. The amendment made by this act to section	3916

742.38 of the Revised Code applies only to an application for a

disability benefit pursuant	to Chapter 742. of the Rev	vised Code 3918
that is filed on or after th	ne effective date of this :	section. 3919

Section 741.10. The amendment by this act to section 4123.57 3920 of the Revised Code applies to any application for a determination 3921 of the percentage of permanent partial disability filed on or 3922 after the effective date of this section.

Section 741.20. Sections 4123.512 and 4123.84 of the Revised 3924 Code, division (J) of section 4123.54 of the Revised Code, and 3925 divisions (X)(2) and (3) of section 4123.68 of the Revised Code, 3926 as amended by this act, apply to a claim under Chapters 4121., 3927 4123., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code arising on or after 3928 the effective date of this section.

Section 741.30. If, on the effective date of this section, an 3930 employee's application for a determination of the percentage of 3931 the employee's permanent partial disability filed under section 3932 4123.57 of the Revised Code has been suspended pursuant to 3933 division (C) of section 4123.53 of the Revised Code, the 3934 Administrator of Workers' Compensation shall send a notice to the 3935 employee's last known address informing the employee that the 3936 application may be dismissed unless the employee schedules a 3937 medical examination with the Bureau of Workers' Compensation 3938 medical section within thirty days after receiving the notice. If 3939 the employee does not schedule a medical examination with the 3940 Bureau medical section within thirty days after receiving the 3941 notice or fails to attend an examination scheduled with the Bureau 3942 medical section, notwithstanding division (C) of section 4123.53 3943 of the Revised Code, the Administrator may dismiss the 3944 application. The employee may refile the application. A dismissed 3945 application does not toll the continuing jurisdiction of the 3946 Industrial Commission under section 4123.52 of the Revised Code. 3947

Section 741.40. Sections 2743.02, 2744.02, 4123.01, and	3948
4123.511 of the Revised Code, as amended by this act, and sections	3949
2307.82 and 4123.513 of the Revised Code, as enacted by this act,	3950
apply to claims arising on or after the effective date of this	3951
section.	3952
Section 741.50. The amendment by this act to division $(X)(4)$	3953
of section 4123.68 of the Revised Code applies to any claim	3954
pending on the effective date of this section and to any claim	3955
filed on or after that date.	3956
Section 801.10. Law contained in the Main Operating	3957
Appropriations Act of the 132nd General Assembly that applies	3958
generally to the appropriations made in that act also applies	3959
generally to the appropriations made in this act.	3960
Section 806.10. The provisions of law contained in this act,	3961
and their applications, are severable. If any provision of law	3962
contained in this act, or if any application of any provision of	3963
law contained in this act, is held invalid, the invalidity does	3964
not affect other provisions of law contained in this act and their	3965
applications that can be given effect without the invalid	3966
provision or application.	3967
destine 212 10. Europe of otherwise and initially provided in	2060
Section 812.10. Except as otherwise specifically provided in	3968
this act, the amendment, enactment, or repeal by this act of a	3969
section of law is exempt from the referendum under Ohio	3970
Constitution, Article II, Section 1d and section 1.471 of the Revised Code and therefore takes effect immediately when this act	3971 3972
becomes law.	3973
Section 812.20. The amendment, enactment, or repeal by this	3974
act of the divisions and sections of law listed below are subject	3975

to the referendum under Ohio Constitution, Article II, Section 1c	3976
and therefore take effect on the ninety-first day after this act	3977
is filed with the Secretary of State:	3978
All Revised Code sections in Sections 101.01 and 105.01 of	3979
this act;	3980
Sections of this act prefixed with the number "707." or	3981
"741."	3982
Section 815.10. Section 4121.125 of the Revised Code is	3983
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended by	3984
Sub. H.B. 123, Am. Sub. H.B. 153, and Sub. S.B. 171 of the 129th	3985
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle	3986
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	3987
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	3988
simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the resulting	3989
version of the section in effect prior to the effective date of	3990
the section as presented in this act.	3991